

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 0-10200

SEI New ways.
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SEI INVESTMENTS COMPANY

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Pennsylvania

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

23-1707341

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1 Freedom Valley Drive, Oaks, Pennsylvania 19456-1100

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(610) 676-1000

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

N/A

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	SEIC	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, as of the close of business on July 18, 2019:

Common Stock, \$0.01 par value

151,023,802

SEI INVESTMENTS COMPANY

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements.

SEI Investments Company
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(unaudited)
(In thousands, except par value)

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 682,266	\$ 754,525
Restricted cash	3,520	3,514
Receivables from investment products	52,407	49,869
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,101 and \$718	335,144	315,336
Securities owned	32,289	30,892
Other current assets	31,915	36,676
Total Current Assets	1,137,541	1,190,812
Property and Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$352,293 and \$338,206	150,045	145,863
Operating Lease Right-of-Use Assets	42,940	—
Capitalized Software, net of accumulated amortization of \$418,675 and \$395,171	305,184	309,500
Investments Available for Sale	106,671	111,901
Investments in Affiliated Funds, at fair value	5,434	4,887
Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliate	50,203	52,342
Goodwill	64,489	64,489
Intangible Assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$6,932 and \$5,090	29,828	31,670
Deferred Contract Costs	25,132	24,007
Deferred Income Taxes	1,571	2,042
Other Assets, net	33,761	34,155
Total Assets	\$ 1,952,799	\$ 1,971,668

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SEI Investments Company
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(unaudited)
(In thousands, except par value)

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Liabilities and Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 5,494	\$ 10,920
Accrued liabilities	178,473	279,634
Short-term operating lease liabilities	8,259	—
Deferred revenue	4,705	5,154
Total Current Liabilities	196,931	295,708
Long-term Income Taxes Payable	803	803
Deferred Income Taxes	55,793	57,795
Long-term Operating Lease Liabilities	39,427	—
Other Long-term Liabilities	25,344	24,215
Total Liabilities	318,298	378,521
Commitments and Contingencies		
Shareholders' Equity:		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 750,000 shares authorized; 150,955 and 153,634 shares issued and outstanding	1,509	1,536
Capital in excess of par value	1,122,068	1,106,641
Retained earnings	541,664	517,970
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net	(30,740)	(33,000)
Total Shareholders' Equity	1,634,501	1,593,147
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 1,952,799	\$ 1,971,668

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SEI Investments Company
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(unaudited)
(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues:				
Asset management, administration and distribution fees	\$ 324,925	\$ 316,508	\$ 638,869	\$ 632,717
Information processing and software servicing fees	84,661	88,322	171,537	177,711
Total revenues	409,586	404,830	810,406	810,428
Expenses:				
Subadvisory, distribution and other asset management costs	46,177	45,209	89,982	90,414
Software royalties and other information processing costs	7,393	7,977	15,521	16,695
Compensation, benefits and other personnel	125,999	127,375	256,334	251,652
Stock-based compensation	5,064	5,323	10,102	10,518
Consulting, outsourcing and professional fees	45,330	50,441	95,536	99,148
Data processing and computer related	22,184	21,133	43,176	41,724
Facilities, supplies and other costs	17,100	17,783	35,845	35,396
Amortization	12,781	12,161	25,460	24,015
Depreciation	7,422	7,138	14,753	14,260
Total expenses	289,450	294,540	586,709	583,822
Income from operations	120,136	110,290	223,697	226,606
Net gain (loss) from investments	231	(139)	1,510	(549)
Interest and dividend income	4,313	3,162	8,570	5,664
Interest expense	(166)	(132)	(323)	(389)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliate	37,832	41,073	75,149	81,680
Income before income taxes	162,346	154,254	308,603	313,012
Income taxes	35,806	32,577	68,082	51,497
Net income	\$ 126,540	\$ 121,677	\$ 240,521	\$ 261,515
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.77	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.66
Shares used to compute basic earnings per share	151,863	157,542	152,587	157,488
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.75	\$ 1.54	\$ 1.61
Shares used to compute diluted earnings per share	155,165	162,225	155,853	162,825
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.30

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SEI Investments Company
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Net income	\$ 126,540	\$ 121,677	\$ 240,521	\$ 261,515
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(2,877)	(10,203)	520	(6,826)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments:				
Unrealized gains (losses) during the period, net of income taxes of \$(230), \$(52), \$(470) and \$372	765	32	1,562	(1,325)
Less: reclassification adjustment for losses (gains) realized in net income, net of income taxes of \$(26), \$(31), \$(50) and \$(46)	92	857	111	143
	178	1,740	(162)	(1,487)
Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(2,020)	(10,060)	2,260	(8,313)
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 124,520</u>	<u>\$ 111,617</u>	<u>\$ 242,781</u>	<u>\$ 253,202</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SEI Investments Company
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
(unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock	Capital In Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Equity
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Balance, April 1, 2019	152,276	\$ 1,523	\$ 1,111,366	\$ 552,381	\$ (28,720)	\$ 1,636,550
Net income	—	—	—	126,540	—	126,540
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	(2,020)	(2,020)
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(1,825)	(18)	(9,737)	(87,273)	—	(97,028)
Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan	24	—	1,071	—	—	1,071
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	480	4	14,304	—	—	14,308
Stock-based compensation	—	—	5,064	—	—	5,064
Dividends declared (\$0.33 per share)	—	—	—	(49,984)	—	(49,984)
Balance, June 30, 2019	150,955	\$ 1,509	\$ 1,122,068	\$ 541,664	\$ (30,740)	\$ 1,634,501

	Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock	Capital In Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Equity
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018						
Balance, April 1, 2018	157,990	\$ 1,580	\$ 1,085,312	\$ 544,923	\$ (18,161)	\$ 1,613,654
Net income	—	—	—	121,677	—	121,677
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	(10,060)	(10,060)
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(1,629)	(16)	(7,929)	(96,697)	—	(104,642)
Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan	20	—	1,146	—	—	1,146
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	419	4	10,919	—	—	10,923
Stock-based compensation	—	—	5,323	—	—	5,323
Dividends declared (\$0.30 per share)	—	—	—	(47,139)	—	(47,139)
Balance, June 30, 2018	156,800	\$ 1,568	\$ 1,094,771	\$ 522,764	\$ (28,221)	\$ 1,590,882

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SEI Investments Company
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
(unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock	Capital In Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Equity
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Balance, January 1, 2019	153,634	\$ 1,536	\$ 1,106,641	\$ 517,970	\$ (33,000)	\$ 1,593,147
Net income	—	—	—	240,521	—	240,521
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	2,260	2,260
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(3,550)	(35)	(18,939)	(166,843)	—	(185,817)
Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan	56	—	2,393	—	—	2,393
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	815	8	21,871	—	—	21,879
Stock-based compensation	—	—	10,102	—	—	10,102
Dividends declared (\$0.33 per share)	—	—	—	(49,984)	—	(49,984)
Balance, June 30, 2019	<u>150,955</u>	<u>\$ 1,509</u>	<u>\$ 1,122,068</u>	<u>\$ 541,664</u>	<u>\$ (30,740)</u>	<u>\$ 1,634,501</u>

	Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock	Capital In Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Equity
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018						
Balance, January 1, 2018	157,069	\$ 1,571	\$ 1,027,709	\$ 467,467	\$ (19,908)	\$ 1,476,839
Cumulative effect upon adoption of ASC 606	—	—	—	14,402	—	14,402
Net income	—	—	—	261,515	—	261,515
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	(8,313)	(8,313)
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(2,751)	(27)	(13,390)	(173,481)	—	(186,898)
Issuance of common stock under employee stock purchase plan	36	—	2,151	—	—	2,151
Issuance of common stock upon exercise of stock options	2,446	24	67,783	—	—	67,807
Stock-based compensation	—	—	10,518	—	—	10,518
Dividends declared (\$0.30 per share)	—	—	—	(47,139)	—	(47,139)
Balance, June 30, 2018	<u>156,800</u>	<u>\$ 1,568</u>	<u>\$ 1,094,771</u>	<u>\$ 522,764</u>	<u>\$ (28,221)</u>	<u>\$ 1,590,882</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SEI Investments Company
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows
(unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 240,521	\$ 261,515
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities (See Note 1)	(22,876)	1,361
Net cash provided by operating activities	217,645	262,876
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Additions to property and equipment	(18,239)	(12,671)
Additions to capitalized software	(19,188)	(24,613)
Purchases of marketable securities	(77,891)	(74,957)
Prepayments and maturities of marketable securities	85,012	64,626
Cash paid for acquisition, net of cash acquired	—	(5,794)
Other investing activities	—	(10,500)
Net cash used in investing activities	(30,306)	(63,909)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repayments under revolving credit facility	—	(30,000)
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(183,396)	(189,372)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	24,272	69,958
Payment of dividends	(100,745)	(94,318)
Net cash used in financing activities	(259,869)	(243,732)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	277	(6,036)
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(72,253)	(50,801)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	758,039	747,752
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 685,786	\$ 696,951
Non-cash operating activities:		
Operating lease right-of-use assets and lease liabilities recorded upon adoption of ASC 842	\$ 44,169	\$ —

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(all figures are in thousands except share and per share data)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

SEI Investments Company (the Company), a Pennsylvania corporation, provides investment processing, investment management, and investment operations platforms to financial institutions, financial advisors, institutional investors, investment managers and ultra-high-net-worth families in the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, continental Europe and various other locations throughout the world.

Investment processing platforms consist of application and business process outsourcing services, professional services and transaction-based services. Revenues from investment processing platforms are recognized in Information processing and software servicing fees on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investment management programs consist of mutual funds, alternative investments and separate accounts. These include a series of money market, equity, fixed-income and alternative investment portfolios, primarily in the form of registered investment companies. The Company serves as the administrator and investment advisor for many of these products. Revenues from investment management programs are recognized in Asset management, administration and distribution fees on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investment operations platforms consist of outsourcing services including fund and investment accounting, administration, reconciliation, investor servicing and client reporting. Revenues from investment operations platforms are recognized in Asset management, administration and distribution fees on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Certain financial information and accompanying note disclosure normally included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K have been condensed or omitted. The interim financial information is unaudited but reflects all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2019, the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. These interim Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The Company adopted the requirements of the Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-2 Leases (Topic 842) (Accounting Standards Codifications (ASC) 842 (ASC 842)) using the modified retrospective method during the six months ended June 30, 2019. As a result of the adoption of ASC 842, the Company recorded additional lease assets and net lease liabilities of \$44,169 as of January 1, 2019. Upon implementation, the Company elected the package of practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance within the new standard which allowed the Company to carryforward the historical lease identification, classification and initial direct cost. ASC 842 did not materially impact the Company's consolidated net income or consolidated cash flows (see following caption "Leases"). With the exception of the adoption of ASC 842, there have been no significant changes in significant accounting policies during the six months ended June 30, 2019 as compared to the significant accounting policies described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Variable Interest Entities

The Company or its affiliates have created numerous investment products for its clients in various types of legal entity structures. The Company serves as the Manager, Administrator and Distributor for these investment products and may also serve as the Trustee for some of the investment products. The Company receives asset management, distribution, administration and custodial fees for these services. Clients are the equity investors and participate in proportion to their ownership percentage in the net income or loss and net capital gains or losses of the products, and, on liquidation, will participate in proportion to their ownership percentage in the remaining net assets of the products after satisfaction of outstanding liabilities.

The Company has concluded that it is not the primary beneficiary of the entities and; therefore, is not required to consolidate any of the pooled investment vehicles for which it receives asset management, distribution, administration and custodial fees under the VIE model. The entities either do not meet the definition of a VIE or the Company does not hold a variable interest in the entities. The entities either qualify for the money market scope exception, or are entities in which the Company's asset management, distribution, administration and custodial fees are commensurate with the services

provided and include fair terms and conditions, or are entities that are limited partnerships which have substantive kick-out rights. The Company acts as a fiduciary and does not hold any other interests other than insignificant seed money investments in the pooled investment vehicles. For this reason, the Company also concluded that it is not required to consolidate the pooled investment vehicles under the voting interest entity (VOE) model.

The Company is a party to expense limitation agreements with certain SEI-sponsored money market funds subject to Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 which establish a maximum level of ordinary operating expenses incurred by the fund in any fiscal year including, but not limited to, fees of the administrator or its affiliates. Under the terms of these agreements, the Company waived \$6,796 and \$6,372 in fees during the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company waived \$14,701 and \$13,026, respectively, in fees.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when the transfer of control of promised goods or services under the terms of a contract with customers are satisfied in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those promised goods or services. Certain portions of the Company's revenues involve a third party in providing goods or services to its customers. In such circumstances, the Company must determine whether the nature of its promise to the customer is to provide the underlying goods or services (the Company is the principal in the transaction and reports the transaction gross) or to arrange for a third party to provide the underlying goods or services (the entity is the agent in the transaction and reports the transaction net).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes \$272,986 and \$315,840 at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, primarily invested in SEI-sponsored open-ended money market mutual funds. The SEI-sponsored mutual funds are Level 1 assets.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash includes \$3,000 at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 segregated for regulatory purposes related to trade-execution services conducted by SEI Investments (Europe) Limited. Restricted cash also includes \$520 and \$514 at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, segregated in special reserve accounts for the benefit of customers of the Company's broker-dealer subsidiary, SEI Investments Distribution Co. (SIDCO), in accordance with certain rules established by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for broker-dealers.

Capitalized Software

The Company capitalized \$19,188 and \$24,613 of software development costs during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Company's software development costs primarily relate to significant enhancements to the SEI Wealth PlatformSM (SWP). The Company capitalized \$18,693 and \$23,768 of software development costs for significant enhancements to SWP during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As of June 30, 2019, the net book value of SWP was \$286,459. The net book value includes \$49,374 of capitalized software development costs in-progress associated with future releases. Capitalized software development costs in-progress associated with future releases of SWP were \$42,238 as of December 31, 2018. SWP has a weighted average remaining life of 8.5 years. Amortization expense for SWP was \$20,900 and \$19,599 during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Earnings per Share

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 are:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Net income	\$ 126,540	\$ 121,677	\$ 240,521	\$ 261,515
Shares used to compute basic earnings per common share	151,863,000	157,542,000	152,587,000	157,488,000
Dilutive effect of stock options	3,302,000	4,683,000	3,266,000	5,337,000
Shares used to compute diluted earnings per common share	155,165,000	162,225,000	155,853,000	162,825,000
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.77	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.66
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.75	\$ 1.54	\$ 1.61

During the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, employee stock options to purchase 6,244,000 and 6,221,000 shares of common stock with an average exercise price of \$54.79 and \$53.33, respectively, were outstanding but not

included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share. During the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, employee stock options to purchase 6,284,000 and 6,138,000 shares of common stock with an average exercise price of \$54.80 and \$53.03, respectively, were outstanding but not included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share. These options for the three and six month periods were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share because either the performance conditions have not been satisfied or would not have been satisfied if the reporting date was the end of the contingency period or the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of the Company's common stock and the effect on diluted earnings per common share would have been anti-dilutive.

Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at the inception of the contract. The Company's operating leases are included in Operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets, Short-term operating lease liabilities, and Long-term operating lease liabilities on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of future minimum lease payments over the lease term at commencement date. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit interest rate, the Company utilizes an estimated incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of future payments. In determining the discount rate used in the present value calculation, the Company has elected to apply the portfolio approach for leases of equipment provided the leases commenced at or around the same time. This election allows the Company to account for leases at a portfolio level provided that the resulting accounting at this level would not differ materially from the accounting at the individual lease level. Lease expense for minimum lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company has elected to account for lease and non-lease components separately. Operating lease ROU assets include all contractual lease payments and initial direct costs incurred less any lease incentives. Facility leases generally only contain lease expense and non-component items such as taxes and pass through charges. Only the lease components are included in the ROU assets and lease liabilities. Additionally, the Company has elected not to apply the recognition requirements of ASC 842 to leases which have a lease term of less than one year at the commencement date.

The majority of the Company's leases for corporate facilities and equipment contain terms for renewal and extension of the lease agreement. The exercise of lease renewal options is generally at the Company's sole discretion. The Company includes the lease extensions when it is reasonably certain the Company will exercise the extension. The Company's lease agreements do not contain any material variable lease payments, material residual value guarantees or any material restrictive covenants. The Company does not currently have any finance leases.

See Note 15 for information on related disclosures regarding leases.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments (ASU 2016-13) which requires that expected credit losses relating to financial assets measured on an amortized cost basis and available-for-sale debt securities be recorded through an allowance for credit losses. ASU 2016-13 limits the amount of credit losses to be recognized for available-for-sale debt securities to the amount by which carrying value exceeds fair value and also requires the reversal of previously recognized credit losses if fair value increases. ASU 2016-13 becomes effective for the Company during the first quarter of 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the updated standard will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment (ASU 2017-04). The objective of ASU 2017-04 is to simplify the subsequent measurement of goodwill by entities performing their annual goodwill impairment tests by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit, including income tax effects from any tax-deductible goodwill, with its carrying amount and recognizing an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds fair value. ASU 2017-04 is effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2017-04 on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement (ASU 2018-13) which modifies the disclosure requirements on fair value measurements. ASU 2018-13 is effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of 2020. The

Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2018-13 on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In October 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-17, Consolidation (Topic 810): Targeted Improvements to Related Party Guidance for Variable Interest Entities (ASU 2018-17). The new standard changes how entities evaluate decision-making fees under the variable interest entity guidance. ASU 2018-17 is effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2018-17 on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In April 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-04, Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses, Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and Topic 825, Financial Instruments (ASU 2019-04), which provided certain improvements to ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (ASU 2016-01) and ASU 2016-13. As the Company adopted ASU 2016-01 on January 1, 2018, the improvements in ASU 2019-04 are effective in the first quarter of 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The Company expects to adopt ASU 2016-13 in the first quarter of 2020, as described above, and the improvements in ASU 2019-04 will be adopted concurrently. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2019-04 on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Statements of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, the Company considers investment instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The following table provides the details of the adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30:

	2019	2018
Net income	\$ 240,521	\$ 261,515
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	14,753	14,260
Amortization	25,460	24,015
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliate	(75,149)	(81,680)
Distributions received from unconsolidated affiliate	77,288	89,362
Stock-based compensation	10,102	10,518
Provision for losses on receivables	383	(90)
Deferred income tax expense	(2,050)	4,893
Net (gain) loss from investments	(1,510)	549
Change in long-term income taxes payable	—	(1,000)
Change in other long-term liabilities	1,129	1,222
Change in other assets	249	(4,713)
Contract costs capitalized, net of amortization	(1,125)	(2,880)
Other	122	(326)
Change in current assets and liabilities		
(Increase) decrease in		
Receivables from investment products	(2,538)	3,280
Receivables	(20,192)	(31,835)
Other current assets	3,708	(5,090)
(Decrease) increase in		
Accounts payable	(5,426)	2,251
Accrued liabilities	(47,631)	(22,121)
Deferred revenue	(449)	746
Total adjustments	(22,876)	1,361
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 217,645	\$ 262,876

Note 2. Investment in Unconsolidated AffiliateLSV Asset Management

The Company has an investment in LSV Asset Management (LSV), a registered investment advisor that provides investment advisory services primarily to institutions, including pension plans and investment companies. LSV is currently an investment sub-advisor for a limited number of SEI-sponsored investment products. The Company's partnership interest in LSV as of June 30, 2019 was 38.9 percent. The Company accounts for its interest in LSV using the equity method because of its less than 50 percent ownership. The Company's interest in the net assets of LSV is reflected in Investment in unconsolidated affiliate on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets and its interest in the earnings of LSV is reflected in Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliate on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

At June 30, 2019, the Company's total investment in LSV was \$50,203. The Company receives partnership distributions from LSV on a quarterly basis. The Company received partnership distributions from LSV of \$77,288 and \$89,362 in the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As such, the Company considers these distribution payments as returns on investment rather than returns of the Company's original investment in LSV and has therefore classified the associated cash inflows as an operating activity on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The Company's proportionate share in the earnings of LSV was \$37,832 and \$41,073 during the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company's proportionate share in the earnings of LSV was \$75,149 and \$81,680, respectively.

These tables contain condensed financial information of LSV:

Condensed Statement of Operations	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues	\$ 123,017	\$ 132,111	\$ 243,932	\$ 263,829
Net income	97,271	105,605	193,219	210,011

Condensed Balance Sheets

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Current assets	\$ 147,554	\$ 138,083
Non-current assets	4,777	1,165
Total assets	\$ 152,331	\$ 139,248
Current liabilities	\$ 61,823	\$ 47,874
Non-current liabilities	4,881	—
Partners' capital	85,627	91,374
Total liabilities and partners' capital	\$ 152,331	\$ 139,248

Note 3. Composition of Certain Financial Statement CaptionsReceivables

Receivables on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets consist of:

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Trade receivables	\$ 77,063	\$ 76,362
Fees earned, not billed	242,712	226,001
Other receivables	16,470	13,691
	336,245	316,054
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,101)	(718)
	\$ 335,144	\$ 315,336

Fees earned, not billed represents receivables from contracts with customers earned but unbilled and results from timing differences between services provided and contractual billing schedules. These billing schedules generally provide for fees to be billed on a quarterly basis. In addition, certain fees earned from investment operations services are calculated

based on assets under administration that have an extended valuation process. Billings to these clients occur once the asset valuation processes are completed.

Receivables from investment products on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets primarily represent fees receivable for distribution, investment advisory, and administration services to various regulated investment companies and other investment products sponsored by SEI.

Property and Equipment

Property and Equipment on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets consists of:

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Buildings	\$ 162,449	\$ 160,796
Equipment	130,486	126,954
Land	10,772	10,772
Purchased software	140,887	139,245
Furniture and fixtures	18,429	18,103
Leasehold improvements	20,024	18,959
Construction in progress	19,291	9,240
	<u>502,338</u>	<u>484,069</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(352,293)	(338,206)
Property and Equipment, net	<u>\$ 150,045</u>	<u>\$ 145,863</u>

The Company recognized \$14,753 and \$14,260 in depreciation expense related to property and equipment for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Deferred Contract Costs

Deferred contract costs, which primarily consist of deferred sales commissions, were \$25,132 and \$24,007 as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The Company deferred expenses related to contract costs of \$1,950 and \$2,267 during the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company deferred expenses related to contract costs of \$3,076 and \$4,083, respectively. Amortization expense related to deferred contract costs were \$1,951 and \$1,201 during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. There was no impairment loss in relation to deferred contract costs during the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets consist of:

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Accrued employee compensation	\$ 55,188	\$ 97,603
Accrued consulting, outsourcing and professional fees	30,155	31,000
Accrued sub-advisory, distribution and other asset management fees	46,611	42,583
Accrued dividend payable	—	50,761
Other accrued liabilities	46,519	57,687
Total accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 178,473</u>	<u>\$ 279,634</u>

Note 4. Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities, except for the Company's investment funds sponsored by LSV, is determined in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the Company's Level 1 financial assets consist mainly of investments in open-ended mutual funds that are quoted daily. Level 2 financial assets consist of Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) mortgage-backed securities held by the Company's wholly-owned limited purpose federal thrift subsidiary, SEI Private Trust Company (SPTC), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) and other U.S. government agency short-term notes held by SIDCO. The financial assets held by SIDCO were purchased as part of a cash management program requiring only short term, top-tier investment grade government and corporate securities. The financial assets held by SPTC are debt securities issued by GNMA and are backed by the full faith and credit of the

U.S. government. These securities were purchased for the sole purpose of satisfying applicable regulatory requirements and have maturity dates which range from 2021 to 2041.

The fair value of the Company's investment funds sponsored by LSV is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The NAVs of the funds are calculated by the funds' independent custodian and are derived from the fair values of the underlying investments as of the reporting date. The funds allow for investor redemptions at the end of each calendar month. This investment has not been classified in the fair value hierarchy but is presented in the tables below to permit reconciliation to the amounts presented on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The valuation of the Company's Level 2 financial assets held by SIDCO and SPTC are based upon securities pricing policies and procedures utilized by third-party pricing vendors.

The pricing policies and procedures applied for our Level 1 and Level 2 financial assets during the six months ended June 30, 2019 were consistent with those as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K at December 31, 2018. The Company had no Level 3 financial assets at June 30, 2019 or December 31, 2018 that were required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company's Level 3 financial liabilities at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 consist entirely of the estimated contingent consideration resulting from an acquisition (See Note 12). The fair value of the contingent consideration was determined using a Monte-Carlo simulation model. Key assumptions for the Monte-Carlo simulation model include expected revenues, expected volatility, risk-free rate and correlation coefficient. There were no transfers of financial assets between levels within the fair value hierarchy during the six months ended June 30, 2019.

The fair value of certain financial assets of the Company was determined using the following inputs:

Assets	June 30, 2019	Fair Value Measurements at the End of the Reporting Period Using	
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)
Equity available-for-sale securities	\$ 11,342	\$ 11,342	\$ —
Fixed-income available-for-sale securities	95,329	—	95,329
Fixed-income securities owned	32,289	—	32,289
Investment funds sponsored by LSV (1)	5,434		
	<u>\$ 144,394</u>	<u>\$ 11,342</u>	<u>\$ 127,618</u>

Assets	December 31, 2018	Fair Value Measurements at the End of the Reporting Period Using	
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)
Equity available-for-sale securities	\$ 10,218	\$ 10,218	\$ —
Fixed-income available-for-sale securities	101,683	—	101,683
Fixed-income securities owned	30,892	—	30,892
Investment funds sponsored by LSV (1)	4,887		
	<u>\$ 147,680</u>	<u>\$ 10,218</u>	<u>\$ 132,575</u>

(1) The fair value amounts presented in the tables above are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets (See Note 5).

Note 5. Marketable Securities

Investments Available for Sale

Investments available for sale classified as non-current assets consist of:

	At June 30, 2019			
	Cost Amount	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
SEI-sponsored mutual funds	\$ 7,464	\$ 108	\$ (341)	\$ 7,231
Equities and other mutual funds	3,477	634	—	4,111
Debt securities	94,905	424	—	95,329
	<u>\$ 105,846</u>	<u>\$ 1,166</u>	<u>\$ (341)</u>	<u>\$ 106,671</u>

	At December 31, 2018			
	Cost Amount	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
SEI-sponsored mutual funds	\$ 7,446	\$ —	\$ (788)	\$ 6,658
Equities and other mutual funds	3,434	126	—	3,560
Debt securities	103,518	—	(1,835)	101,683
	<u>\$ 114,398</u>	<u>\$ 126</u>	<u>\$ (2,623)</u>	<u>\$ 111,901</u>

Net unrealized gains at June 30, 2019 of the Company's available-for-sale debt securities were \$327 (net of income tax expense of \$97). Net unrealized losses at December 31, 2018 of the Company's available-for-sale debt securities were \$1,413 (net of income tax benefit of \$422). These net unrealized gains and losses are reported as a separate component of Accumulated other comprehensive loss on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

There were gross realized gains of \$1,004 and gross realized losses of \$1,310 during the six months ended June 30, 2018. Gross realized gains and losses from available-for-sale securities during the six months ended June 30, 2019 were immaterial. Gains and losses from available-for-sale securities, including amounts reclassified from accumulated comprehensive loss, are reflected in Net gain (loss) from investments on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investments in Affiliated Funds

The Company has an investment in funds sponsored by LSV. The Company records this investment on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses from the change in fair value of these funds are recognized in Net gain (loss) from investments on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The investment primarily consists of U.S. dollar denominated funds that invest primarily in securities of Canadian, Australian and Japanese companies as well as various other global securities. The underlying securities held by the funds are translated into U.S. dollars within the funds. The funds had a fair value of \$5,434 and \$4,887 at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The Company recognized gains of \$95 and \$205 during the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, from the change in fair value of the funds. The Company recognized gains of \$547 and losses of \$295 during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, from the change in fair value of the funds.

Securities Owned

The Company's broker-dealer subsidiary, SIDCO, has investments in U.S. government agency securities with maturity dates less than one year. These investments are reflected as Securities owned on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Due to specialized accounting practices applicable to investments by broker-dealers, the securities are reported at fair value and changes in fair value are recorded in current period earnings. The securities had a fair value of \$32,289 and \$30,892 at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. There were no material net gains or losses related to the securities during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Note 6. Line of Credit

The Company has a five-year \$300,000 Credit Agreement (the Credit Facility) with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, and a syndicate of other lenders. The Credit Facility is scheduled to expire in June 2021, at which time any aggregate principal amount of loans outstanding becomes payable in full. Any borrowings made under the Credit Facility

will accrue interest at rates that, at the Company's option, are based on a base rate (the Base Rate) plus a premium that can range from 0.25 percent to 1.00 percent or the London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus a premium that can range from 1.25 percent to 2.00 percent depending on the Company's Leverage Ratio (a ratio of consolidated indebtedness to consolidated EBITDA for the four preceding fiscal quarters, all as defined in the related agreement). The Base Rate is defined as the highest of a) the Federal Funds Rate, as published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, plus 0.50 percent, b) the prime commercial lending rate of Wells Fargo, c) the applicable LIBOR plus 1.00 percent, or d) 0 percent. The Company also pays quarterly commitment fees based on the unused portion of the Credit Facility. The quarterly fees for the Credit Facility can range from 0.15 percent of the amount of the unused portion to 0.30 percent, depending on the Company's Leverage Ratio. Certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company have guaranteed the obligations of the Company under the agreement. The aggregate amount of the Credit Facility may be increased by an additional \$100,000 under certain conditions set forth in the agreement. The Company may issue up to \$15,000 in letters of credit under the terms of the Credit Facility. The Company pays a periodic commission fee of 1.25 percent plus a fronting fee of 0.175 percent of the aggregate face amount of the outstanding letters of credit issued under the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility contains covenants that restrict the ability of the Company to engage in mergers, consolidations, asset sales, investments, transactions with affiliates, or to incur liens, as defined in the agreement. In the event of a default under the Credit Facility, the Company would also be restricted from paying dividends on, or repurchasing, its common stock without the approval of the lenders. None of the covenants of the Credit Facility negatively affect the Company's liquidity or capital resources. Upon the occurrence of certain financial or economic events, significant corporate events, or certain other events of default constituting an event of default under the Credit Facility, all loans outstanding may be declared immediately due and payable and all commitments under the agreement may be terminated.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$11,713 under the Credit Facility. These letters of credit were issued primarily for the expansion of the Company's headquarters and are scheduled to expire during the remainder of 2019. The amount of the Credit Facility that is available for general corporate purposes as of June 30, 2019 was \$288,287.

The Company was in compliance with all covenants of the Credit Facility during the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Note 7. Shareholders' Equity

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has only non-qualified stock options outstanding under its equity compensation plans. All outstanding stock options have performance-based vesting provisions specific to each option grant that tie the vesting of the applicable stock options to the Company's financial performance. The Company's stock options vest at a rate of 50 percent when a specified diluted earnings per share target is achieved, and the remaining 50 percent when a second, higher specified diluted earnings per share target is achieved. Options do not vest due to the passage of time but solely as a result of achievement of the financial vesting targets. Options granted in December 2017 and thereafter include a service condition which requires a minimum two or four year waiting period from the grant date along with the attainment of the applicable financial vesting target. Earnings per share targets exclude the impact of stock-based compensation and are established at time of grant. The targets are measured annually on December 31. The amount of stock-based compensation expense recognized in the period is based upon management's estimate of when the earnings per share targets may be achieved. Any change in management's estimate could result in the remaining amount of stock-based compensation expense to be accelerated, spread out over a longer period, or reversed. This may cause volatility in the recognition of stock-based compensation expense in future periods and could materially affect the Company's earnings.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense in its Consolidated Financial Statements in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Stock-based compensation expense	\$ 5,064	\$ 5,323	\$ 10,102	\$ 10,518
Less: Deferred tax benefit	(971)	(1,142)	(1,917)	(2,245)
Stock-based compensation expense, net of tax	\$ 4,093	\$ 4,181	\$ 8,185	\$ 8,273

As of June 30, 2019, there was approximately \$55,538 of unrecognized compensation cost remaining related to unvested employee stock options that management expects will vest and is being amortized.

The Company issues new common shares associated with the exercise of stock options. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$21,816. The total options exercisable as of June 30,

2019 had an intrinsic value of \$192,595. The total intrinsic value for options exercisable is calculated as the difference between the market value of the Company's common stock as of June 30, 2019 and the weighted average exercise price of the options. The market value of the Company's common stock as of June 30, 2019 was \$56.10 as reported by the Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC. The weighted average exercise price of the options exercisable as of June 30, 2019 was \$33.55. Total options that were outstanding as of June 30, 2019 were 14,784,000. Total options that were exercisable as of June 30, 2019 were 8,540,000.

Common Stock Buyback

The Company's Board of Directors, under multiple authorizations, has authorized the repurchase of the Company's common stock on the open market or through private transactions. The Company purchased 3,550,000 shares at a total cost of \$185,817 during the six months ended June 30, 2019, which reduced the total shares outstanding of common stock. The cost of stock purchases during the period includes the cost of certain transactions that settled in the following quarter. As of June 30, 2019, the Company had approximately \$30,061 of authorization remaining for the purchase of common stock under the program. On July 23, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors approved an increase in the stock repurchase program by an additional \$250,000, increasing the available authorization to approximately \$280,061.

The Company immediately retires its common stock when purchased. Upon retirement, the Company reduces Capital in excess of par value for the average capital per share outstanding and the remainder is charged against Retained earnings. If the Company reduces its Retained earnings to zero, any subsequent purchases of common stock will be charged entirely to Capital in excess of par value.

Cash Dividend

On May 29, 2019, the Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.33 per share on the Company's common stock, which was paid on June 20, 2019, to shareholders of record on June 12, 2019. Cash dividends declared during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$49,984 and \$47,139, respectively.

Note 8. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The components of Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax, are as follows:

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Balance, January 1, 2019	\$ (31,587)	\$ (1,413)	\$ (33,000)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	520	1,562	2,082
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	—	178	178
Net current-period other comprehensive income	520	1,740	2,260
Balance, June 30, 2019	<u>\$ (31,067)</u>	<u>\$ 327</u>	<u>\$ (30,740)</u>

Note 9. Business Segment Information

The Company's reportable business segments are:

Private Banks – provides outsourced investment processing and investment management platforms to banks and trust institutions, independent wealth advisers and financial advisers worldwide;

Investment Advisors – provides investment management and investment processing platforms to affluent investors through a network of independent registered investment advisers, financial planners and other investment professionals in the United States;

Institutional Investors – provides investment management and administrative outsourcing platforms to retirement plan sponsors, healthcare systems and not-for-profit organizations worldwide;

Investment Managers – provides investment operations outsourcing platforms to fund companies, banking institutions, traditional and non-traditional investment managers worldwide and family offices in the United States; and

Investments in New Businesses – focuses on providing investment management solutions to ultra-high-net-worth families residing in the United States; developing internet-based investment services and advice platforms; entering new markets; and conducting other research and development activities.

The information in the following tables is derived from the Company's internal financial reporting used for corporate management purposes. There are no inter-segment revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. Management evaluates Company assets on a consolidated basis during interim periods. The accounting policies of the reportable business segments are the same as those described in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The following tables highlight certain financial information about each of the Company's business segments for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Private Banks	Investment Advisors	Institutional Investors	Investment Managers	Investments In New Businesses	Total
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Revenues	\$ 116,092	\$ 100,122	\$ 81,109	\$ 109,202	\$ 3,061	\$ 409,586
Expenses	107,790	50,558	39,361	68,371	6,797	272,877
Operating profit (loss)	\$ 8,302	\$ 49,564	\$ 41,748	\$ 40,831	\$ (3,736)	\$ 136,709
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018						
Revenues	\$ 121,126	\$ 99,890	\$ 83,434	\$ 97,566	\$ 2,814	\$ 404,830
Expenses	114,842	53,052	40,871	63,321	5,940	278,026
Operating profit (loss)	\$ 6,284	\$ 46,838	\$ 42,563	\$ 34,245	\$ (3,126)	\$ 126,804

A reconciliation of the total operating profit reported for the business segments to income from operations in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	2019	2018
Total operating profit from segments	\$ 136,709	\$ 126,804
Corporate overhead expenses	(16,573)	(16,514)
Income from operations	\$ 120,136	\$ 110,290

The following tables provide additional information for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 pertaining to our business segments:

	Capital Expenditures (1)		Depreciation	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Private Banks	\$ 8,761	\$ 9,529	\$ 3,585	\$ 3,323
Investment Advisors	4,558	4,284	1,165	1,105
Institutional Investors	1,049	997	414	452
Investment Managers	4,875	3,370	1,820	1,806
Investments in New Businesses	344	240	110	155
Total from business segments	\$ 19,587	\$ 18,420	\$ 7,094	\$ 6,841
Corporate overhead	586	366	328	297
	\$ 20,173	\$ 18,786	\$ 7,422	\$ 7,138

(1) Capital expenditures include additions to property and equipment and capitalized software.

	Amortization	
	2019	2018
Private Banks	\$ 7,217	\$ 6,747
Investment Advisors	2,550	2,401
Institutional Investors	427	427
Investment Managers	2,346	2,345
Investments in New Businesses	185	184
Total from business segments	\$ 12,725	\$ 12,104
Corporate overhead	56	57
	<u>\$ 12,781</u>	<u>\$ 12,161</u>

The following tables highlight certain financial information about each of the Company's business segments for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Private Banks	Investment Advisors	Institutional Investors	Investment Managers	Investments In New Businesses	Total
	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019					
Revenues	\$ 234,351	\$ 194,883	\$ 161,222	\$ 213,851	\$ 6,099	\$ 810,406
Expenses	218,752	103,060	78,115	137,437	12,737	550,101
Operating profit (loss)	<u>\$ 15,599</u>	<u>\$ 91,823</u>	<u>\$ 83,107</u>	<u>\$ 76,414</u>	<u>\$ (6,638)</u>	<u>\$ 260,305</u>

	Private Banks	Investment Advisors	Institutional Investors	Investment Managers	Investments In New Businesses	Total
	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018					
Revenues	\$ 243,290	\$ 199,082	\$ 168,925	\$ 194,421	\$ 4,710	\$ 810,428
Expenses	227,044	105,505	82,120	126,659	11,038	552,366
Operating profit (loss)	<u>\$ 16,246</u>	<u>\$ 93,577</u>	<u>\$ 86,805</u>	<u>\$ 67,762</u>	<u>\$ (6,328)</u>	<u>\$ 258,062</u>

A reconciliation of the total operating profit reported for the business segments to income from operations in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	2019	2018
Total operating profit from segments	\$ 260,305	\$ 258,062
Corporate overhead expenses	(36,608)	(31,456)
Income from operations	<u>\$ 223,697</u>	<u>\$ 226,606</u>

The following tables provide additional information for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 pertaining to our business segments:

	Capital Expenditures (1)		Depreciation	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Private Banks	\$ 17,222	\$ 19,768	\$ 7,134	\$ 6,642
Investment Advisors	8,505	8,544	2,344	2,210
Institutional Investors	1,920	1,964	819	900
Investment Managers	8,224	5,890	3,591	3,615
Investments in New Businesses	585	444	201	305
Total from business segments	\$ 36,456	\$ 36,610	\$ 14,089	\$ 13,672
Corporate Overhead	971	674	664	588
	<u>\$ 37,427</u>	<u>\$ 37,284</u>	<u>\$ 14,753</u>	<u>\$ 14,260</u>

(1) Capital expenditures include additions to property and equipment and capitalized software.

	Amortization	
	2019	2018
Private Banks	\$ 14,358	\$ 13,374
Investment Advisors	5,073	4,758
Institutional Investors	860	854
Investment Managers	4,685	4,690
Investments in New Businesses	370	224
Total from business segments	\$ 25,346	\$ 23,900
Corporate Overhead	114	115
	<u>\$ 25,460</u>	<u>\$ 24,015</u>

Note 10. Income Taxes

The gross liability for unrecognized tax benefits at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was \$15,479 and \$14,367, respectively, exclusive of interest and penalties, of which \$15,126 and \$13,774 would affect the effective tax rate if the Company were to recognize the tax benefit.

The Company classifies interest and penalties on unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the combined amount of accrued interest and penalties related to tax positions taken on tax returns was \$1,677 and \$1,289, respectively.

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Gross liability for unrecognized tax benefits, exclusive of interest and penalties	\$ 15,479	\$ 14,367
Interest and penalties on unrecognized benefits	1,677	1,289
Total gross uncertain tax positions	<u>\$ 17,156</u>	<u>\$ 15,656</u>
Amount included in Current liabilities	\$ 2,964	\$ 3,131
Amount included in Other long-term liabilities	14,192	12,525
	<u>\$ 17,156</u>	<u>\$ 15,656</u>

The Company's effective income tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 differs from the federal income tax statutory rate due to the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
State taxes, net of federal tax benefit	2.6	2.3	2.6	2.3
Foreign tax expense and tax rate differential	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Tax benefit from stock option exercises	(1.1)	(2.0)	(1.1)	(6.5)
Other, net	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.2)
	<u>22.1 %</u>	<u>21.1 %</u>	<u>22.1 %</u>	<u>16.5 %</u>

The increase in the Company's effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 was primarily due to reduced tax benefits related to the lower volume of stock option exercises as compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2018.

The Company files income tax returns in the United States on a consolidated basis and in many U.S. state and foreign jurisdictions. The Company is subject to examination of income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and other domestic and foreign tax authorities. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examination for years before 2015 and is no longer subject to state, local or foreign income tax examinations by authorities for years before 2014.

The Company estimates it will recognize \$2,964 of gross unrecognized tax benefits. This amount is expected to be paid within one year or to be removed at the expiration of the statute of limitations and resolution of income tax audits and is netted against the current payable account. These unrecognized tax benefits are related to tax positions taken on certain federal, state, and foreign tax returns. However, the timing of the resolution of income tax examinations is highly uncertain, and the amounts ultimately paid, if any, upon resolution of the issues raised by the taxing authorities may differ.

materially from the amounts accrued for each year. While it is reasonably possible that some issues under examination could be resolved in the next twelve months, based upon the current facts and circumstances, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the timing of such resolution or the total range of potential changes as it relates to the current unrecognized tax benefits that are recorded as part of the Company's financial statements.

Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

Stanford Trust Company Litigation

SEI has been named in seven lawsuits filed in Louisiana courts; four of the cases also name SPTC as a defendant. The underlying allegations in all actions relate to the purported role of SPTC in providing back-office services to Stanford Trust Company. The complaints allege that SEI and SPTC participated in some manner in the sale of "certificates of deposit" issued by Stanford International Bank so as to be a "seller" of the certificates of deposit for purposes of primary liability under the Louisiana Securities Law or so as to be secondarily liable under that statute for sales of certificates of deposit made by Stanford Trust Company. Two of the actions also include claims for violations of the Louisiana Racketeering Act and possibly conspiracy, and a third also asserts claims of negligence, breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, violations of the uniform fiduciaries law, negligent misrepresentation, detrimental reliance, violations of the Louisiana Racketeering Act, and conspiracy.

The procedural status of the seven cases varies. The *Lillie* case, filed originally in the 19th Judicial District Court for the Parish of East Baton Rouge, was brought as a class action and is procedurally the most advanced of the cases. SEI and SPTC filed exceptions, which the Court granted in part, dismissing claims under the Louisiana Unfair Trade Practices Act and permitting the claims under the Louisiana Securities Law to go forward. On March 11, 2013, newly-added insurance carrier defendants removed the case to the United States District Court for the Middle District of Louisiana. On August 7, 2013, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation transferred the matter to the Northern District of Texas where MDL 2099, *In re: Stanford Entities Securities Litigation* ("the Stanford MDL"), is pending. On September 22, 2015, the District Court on the motion of SEI and SPTC dismissed plaintiffs' claims for primary liability under Section 714(A) of the Louisiana Securities Law, but declined to dismiss plaintiffs' claims for secondary liability under Section 714(B) of the Louisiana Securities Law based on the allegations pled by plaintiffs. On November 4, 2015, the District Court granted SEI and SPTC's motion to dismiss plaintiffs' claims under Section 712(D) of the Louisiana Securities Law. Consequently, the only claims of plaintiffs remaining in *Lillie* are plaintiffs' claims for secondary liability against SEI and SPTC under Section 714(B) of the Louisiana Securities Law. On May 2, 2016, the District Court certified the class as being "all persons for whom Stanford Trust Company purchased or renewed Stanford Investment Bank Limited certificates of deposit in Louisiana between January 1, 2007 and February 13, 2009". Notice of the pendency of the class action was mailed to potential class members on October 4, 2016.

On December 1, 2016, a group of plaintiffs who opted out of the *Lillie* class filed a complaint against SEI and SPTC in the United States District Court in the Middle District of Louisiana ("*Ahders* Complaint"), alleging claims essentially the same as those in *Lillie*. In January 2017, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation transferred the *Ahders* proceeding to the Northern District of Texas and the Stanford MDL. During February 2017, SEI filed its response to the *Ahders* Complaint, and in March 2017 the District Court for the Northern District of Texas approved the stipulated dismissal of all claims in this Complaint predicated on Section 712(D) or Section 714(A) of the Louisiana Securities Law. In both cases, as a result of the proceedings in the Northern District of Texas, only the plaintiffs' secondary liability claims under Section 714(B) of the Louisiana Securities Law remain. Limited discovery and motions practice have occurred, including SEI and SPTC's filing of a dispositive summary judgment motion in the *Lillie* proceeding. On January 31, 2019, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation remanded the *Lillie* and *Ahders* proceedings to the Middle District of Louisiana.

On July 9, 2019, the District Court issued an order granting SEI's Summary Judgment Motion to dismiss the remaining Section 714(B) claim in the *Lillie* proceeding and denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Continuance of SEI and SPTC's Motion for Summary Judgment pursuant to Rule 56(d).

On July 16, 2019, SEI and SPTC filed a Motion for Summary Judgment pursuant to Rule 56(d) in the *Ahders* proceeding to have the remaining Section 714(B) claim dismissed.

On July 17, 2019, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Reconsideration and/or New Trial as to the July 9, 2019 Ruling and Order (ECF 146) by the Honorable Brian A. Jackson denying a continuance of SEI's Motion for Summary Judgment pursuant to Rule 56(d). SEI and SPTC expect to file an answer to Plaintiffs' Motion for Reconsideration on or before the deadline for responding of August 8, 2019.

Another case, filed in the 23rd Judicial District Court for the Parish of Ascension, also was removed to federal court and transferred by the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation to the Northern District of Texas and the Stanford MDL. The schedule for responding to that Complaint has not yet been established.

Two additional cases remain in the Parish of East Baton Rouge. Plaintiffs filed petitions in 2010 and have granted SEI and SPTC indefinite extensions to respond. No material activity has taken place since.

In two additional cases, filed in East Baton Rouge and brought by the same counsel who filed the *Lillie* action, virtually all of the litigation to date has involved motions practice and appellate litigation regarding the existence of federal subject matter jurisdiction under the federal Securities Litigation Uniform Standards Act (SLUSA). The matters were removed to the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas and consolidated. The court then dismissed the action under SLUSA. The Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit reversed that order, and the Supreme Court of the United States affirmed the Court of Appeals judgment on February 26, 2014. The matters were remanded to state court and no material activity has taken place since that date.

While the outcome of this litigation remains uncertain, SEI and SPTC believe that they have valid defenses to plaintiffs' claims and intend to defend the lawsuits vigorously. Because of uncertainty in the make-up of the *Lillie* class, the specific theories of liability that may survive a motion for summary judgment or other dispositive motion, the relative lack of discovery regarding damages, causation, mitigation and other aspects that may ultimately bear upon loss, the Company is not reasonably able to provide an estimate of loss, if any, with respect to the foregoing lawsuits.

SEI Capital Accumulation Plan Litigation

On September 28, 2018, a class action complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania by Gordon Stevens, individually and as the representative of similarly situated persons, and on behalf of the SEI Capital Accumulation Plan (the "Plan") naming the Company and its affiliated and/or related entities SEI Investments Management Corporation, SEI Capital Accumulation Plan Design Committee, SEI Capital Accumulation Plan Investment Committee, SEI Capital Accumulation Plan Administration Committee, and John Does 1-30 as defendants (the "Stevens Complaint"). The Stevens Complaint seeks unspecified damages for defendants' breach of fiduciary duties under ERISA with respect to selecting and monitoring the Plan's investment options and by retaining affiliated investment products in the Plan.

On May 14, 2019, Plaintiff and SEI filed notice with the court of their collective intent to settle the Stevens Litigation. As of the date of this report, the terms of the settlement have not yet been finalized, and will be subject to court review and approval. Although SEI has agreed to settle this matter in the very early stages of the litigation in order to avoid the high cost of protracted class-action litigation and internal distractions such cases bring, SEI believes its defenses against the plaintiff's allegations remain valid.

While the outcome of this litigation remains uncertain, the defendants believe that they have valid defenses to plaintiffs' claims and intend to defend the allegations contained in the Stevens Complaint vigorously. Because of uncertainty in the make-up of the purported class named in the Stevens Complaint, the specific theories of liability that may survive a motion for summary judgment or other dispositive motion, the lack of specificity or discovery regarding damages, causation, mitigation and other aspects that may ultimately bear upon loss, the Company is not reasonably able to provide an estimate of loss, if any, with respect to the matters set forth in the Stevens Complaint.

Other Matters

The Company is also a party to various other actions and claims arising in the normal course of business that the Company does not believe are material. The Company believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or the manner in which the Company conducts its business. Currently, the Company does not believe the amount of losses associated with these matters can be estimated. While the Company does not believe that the amount of such losses will, when liquidated or estimable, be material to its financial position, the assumptions may be incorrect and any such loss could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or the manner in which the Company conducts its business in the period(s) during which the underlying matters are resolved.

Note 12. Business Acquisition

On April 2, 2018, the Company acquired all ownership interests of Huntington Steele, LLC (Huntington Steele), a registered investment advisor based in Seattle, Washington servicing the ultra-high-net-worth market. The total purchase price for Huntington Steele was \$17,914, which includes \$5,794 in cash consideration, net of \$125 in cash acquired, and a contingent purchase price of \$12,120. The contingent purchase price consists of amounts payable to the sellers upon the attainment of specified financial measures determined at various intervals occurring between 2019 and 2023. The Company made a payment of \$433 to the sellers during the three months ended June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2019, the current portion of the contingent purchase price of \$535 is included in Accrued liabilities on the accompanying Balance

Sheet. The long-term portion of the contingent consideration of \$11,152 is included in Other long-term liabilities on the accompanying Balance Sheet.

Note 13. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

On April 2, 2018, the Company acquired all ownership interests of Huntington Steele (See Note 12). The total purchase price was allocated to Huntington Steele's net tangible and intangible assets based upon their estimated fair values at the date of purchase. The excess purchase price over the value of the identifiable intangible assets was recorded as goodwill. The total amount of goodwill from this transaction amounted to \$11,499 and is included on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

In July 2017, the Company acquired all ownership interests of Archway Technology Partners, LLC, Archway Finance & Operations, Inc. and Keystone Capital Holdings, LLC (collectively, Archway), a provider of operating technologies and services to the family office industry. The total purchase price was allocated to Archway's net tangible and intangible assets based upon their estimated fair values at the date of purchase. The excess purchase price over the value of the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets was recorded as goodwill. The total amount of goodwill from this transaction amounted to \$52,990 and is included on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

There were no changes to the Company's goodwill during the six months ended June 30, 2019.

The Company recognized \$1,842 and \$1,696 of amortization expense related to the intangible assets acquired through the acquisitions of Huntington Steele and Archway during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Note 14. Revenues from Contracts with Customers

The Company's principal sources of revenues are: (1) asset management, administration and distribution fees primarily earned based upon a contractual percentage of net assets under management or administration; and (2) information processing and software servicing fees that are either recurring and primarily earned based upon the number of trust accounts being serviced or a percentage of the total average daily market value of the clients' assets processed on the Company's platforms, or non-recurring and based upon project-oriented contractual agreements related to client implementations.

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following tables provide additional information pertaining to our revenues disaggregated by major product line and primary geographic market based on the location of the use of the products or services for each of the Company's business segments for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Private Banks	Investment Advisors	Institutional Investors	Investment Managers	Investments In New Businesses	Total
Major Product Lines:						
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Investment management fees from pooled investment products	\$ 33,451	\$ 70,087	\$ 13,799	\$ 184	\$ 325	\$ 117,846
Investment management fees from investment management agreements	283	25,448	67,076	—	2,713	95,520
Investment operations fees	362	—	—	99,932	—	100,294
Investment processing fees - PaaS	43,156	—	—	—	—	43,156
Investment processing fees - SaaS	34,776	—	—	2,593	—	37,369
Professional services fees	2,586	—	—	1,548	—	4,134
Account fees and other	1,478	4,587	234	4,945	23	11,267
Total revenues	\$ 116,092	\$ 100,122	\$ 81,109	\$ 109,202	\$ 3,061	\$ 409,586

Primary Geographic Markets:						
United States	\$ 74,889	\$ 100,122	\$ 63,653	\$ 101,794	\$ 3,061	\$ 343,519
United Kingdom	25,695	—	13,140	—	—	38,835
Canada	10,882	—	1,708	—	—	12,590
Ireland	4,626	—	2,356	7,408	—	14,390
Other	—	—	252	—	—	252
Total revenues	\$ 116,092	\$ 100,122	\$ 81,109	\$ 109,202	\$ 3,061	\$ 409,586

	Private Banks	Investment Advisors	Institutional Investors	Investment Managers	Investments In New Businesses	Total
Major Product Lines:						
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018						
Investment management fees from pooled investment products	\$ 35,164	\$ 72,481	\$ 15,347	\$ 239	\$ 237	\$ 123,468
Investment management fees from investment management agreements	214	23,389	67,608	80	2,549	93,840
Investment operations fees	375	—	—	88,311	—	88,686
Investment processing fees - PaaS	43,915	—	—	642	—	44,557
Investment processing fees - SaaS	35,453	—	—	2,370	—	37,823
Professional services fees	4,195	—	—	1,981	—	6,176
Account fees and other	1,810	4,020	479	3,943	28	10,280
Total revenues	\$ 121,126	\$ 99,890	\$ 83,434	\$ 97,566	\$ 2,814	\$ 404,830

Primary Geographic Markets:						
United States	\$ 75,669	\$ 99,890	\$ 64,048	\$ 92,845	\$ 2,814	\$ 335,266
United Kingdom	29,005	—	13,894	—	—	42,899
Canada	11,516	—	2,134	—	—	13,650
Ireland	4,936	—	3,027	4,721	—	12,684
Other	—	—	331	—	—	331
Total revenues	\$ 121,126	\$ 99,890	\$ 83,434	\$ 97,566	\$ 2,814	\$ 404,830

The following tables provide additional information pertaining to our revenues disaggregated by major product line and primary geographic market based on the location of the use of the products or services for each of the Company's business segments for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Private Banks	Investment Advisors	Institutional Investors	Investment Managers	Investments In New Businesses	Total
Major Product Lines:						
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Investment management fees from pooled investment products	\$ 66,424	\$ 136,710	\$ 27,460	\$ 389	\$ 634	\$ 231,617
Investment management fees from investment management agreements	985	49,286	133,247	—	5,411	188,929
Investment operations fees	738	—	—	194,799	—	195,537
Investment processing fees - PaaS	87,067	—	—	—	—	87,067
Investment processing fees - SaaS	69,484	—	—	5,142	—	74,626
Professional services fees	6,363	—	—	2,965	—	9,328
Account fees and other	3,290	8,887	515	10,556	54	23,302
Total revenues	\$ 234,351	\$ 194,883	\$ 161,222	\$ 213,851	\$ 6,099	\$ 810,406
Primary Geographic Markets:						
United States	\$ 152,343	\$ 194,883	\$ 125,978	\$ 199,852	\$ 6,099	\$ 679,155
United Kingdom	51,045	—	26,606	—	—	77,651
Canada	21,542	—	3,435	—	—	24,977
Ireland	9,421	—	4,667	13,999	—	28,087
Other	—	—	536	—	—	536
Total revenues	\$ 234,351	\$ 194,883	\$ 161,222	\$ 213,851	\$ 6,099	\$ 810,406

	Private Banks	Investment Advisors	Institutional Investors	Investment Managers	Investments In New Businesses	Total
Major Product Lines:						
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018						
Investment management fees from pooled investment products	\$ 70,354	\$ 144,899	\$ 31,205	\$ 239	\$ 462	\$ 247,159
Investment management fees from investment management agreements	412	46,153	136,884	163	4,183	187,795
Investment operations fees	757	—	—	175,766	—	176,523
Investment processing fees - PaaS	88,500	—	—	1,125	—	89,625
Investment processing fees - SaaS	70,055	—	—	4,735	—	74,790
Professional services fees	9,614	—	—	3,868	—	13,482
Account fees and other	3,598	8,030	836	8,525	65	21,054
Total revenues	\$ 243,290	\$ 199,082	\$ 168,925	\$ 194,421	\$ 4,710	\$ 810,428
Primary Geographic Markets:						
United States	\$ 153,802	\$ 199,082	\$ 128,816	\$ 184,604	\$ 4,710	\$ 671,014
United Kingdom	56,530	—	28,681	—	—	85,211
Canada	23,117	—	4,805	—	—	27,922
Ireland	9,841	—	5,454	9,817	—	25,112
Other	—	—	1,169	—	—	1,169
Total revenues	\$ 243,290	\$ 199,082	\$ 168,925	\$ 194,421	\$ 4,710	\$ 810,428

Investment management fees from pooled investment products - Revenues associated with clients' assets invested in Company-sponsored pooled investment products. Contractual fees are stated as a percentage of the average market value of assets under management and collected on a monthly basis. Revenues are recognized in Asset management, administration and distribution fees on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investment management fees from investment management agreements - Revenues based on assets of clients of the Institutional Investors segment primarily invested in Company-sponsored products. Each client is charged an investment management fee that is stated as a percentage of the average market value of all assets under management. The client is billed directly on a quarterly basis. Revenues are recognized in Asset management, administration and distribution fees on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Revenues associated with the separately managed account program offered through registered investment advisors located throughout the United States. The contractual fee is stated as a percentage of the average market value of all assets invested in the separately managed account and collected on a quarterly basis. Revenues are recognized in Asset management, administration and distribution fees on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investment operations fees - Revenues earned from accounting and administrative services, distribution support services and regulatory and compliance services to investment management firms and family offices. The Company contracts directly with the investment management firm or family office. The contractual fees are stated as a percentage of net assets under administration and billed when asset valuations are finalized. Revenues are recognized in Asset management, administration and distribution fees on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investment processing fees - Software as a Service - Revenues associated with clients that outsource investment processing technology software and computer processing by accessing our proprietary software and data center remotely but retain responsibility for all investment operations, client administration and other back-office trust operations. The contractual fee is based on a monthly fee plus additional fees determined on a per-account or per-transaction basis. The client is billed directly on a monthly basis. Revenues are recognized in Information processing and software servicing fees on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investment processing fees - Platform as a Service - Revenues associated with clients that outsource their entire investment operation and back-office processing functions. Through the use of the Company's proprietary platforms, the Company assumes all back-office investment processing services including investment processing, custody and safekeeping of assets, income collections, securities settlement and other related trust activities. The contractual fee is based on a monthly fee plus additional fees determined on a per-account or per-transaction basis. Contractual fees can

also be stated as a percentage of the value of assets processed on the Company's platforms each month as long as the fee is in excess of a monthly contractual minimum. The client is billed directly on a monthly basis. Revenues are recognized in Information processing and software servicing fees on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Professional services fees - Revenues associated with the business services migration for investment processing clients of the Private Banks segment and investment operations clients of the Investment Managers segment. In addition, Professional services include other services such as business transformation consulting. Typically, fees are stated as a contractual fixed fee. The client is billed directly and fees are collected according to the terms of the agreement.

Other - Revenues associated with custody account servicing, account terminations, reimbursements received for out-of-pocket expenses, and other fees for the provision of ancillary services.

Revenue is recognized by the Company when the performance obligations are satisfied and transfer of control to the client is completed. The majority of the Company's performance obligations are satisfied and control is transferred to the client continuously. Therefore, revenue is recognized on a monthly basis. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the amount of consideration expected to be received by the Company in exchange for satisfied performance obligations.

The Company does not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations as the majority of its contracts relate to: 1) contracts with an original term of one year or less; 2) contracts for which the Company recognizes revenue at the amount to which it has the right to invoice for services performed; and 3) contracts that are based on the value of assets under management or administration.

Note 15. Leases

The Company has operating leases for corporate facilities and equipment. The Company's expense related to leases during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 was \$2,529 and \$5,097, respectively, and is included in Facilities, supplies and other costs on the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations.

The Company's future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable leases as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

2019 (excluding the six months ended June 30, 2019)	\$	2,328
2020		8,929
2021		7,618
2022		7,326
2023		7,326
Thereafter		17,530
Total future minimum lease payments		51,057
Less: Imputed interest		(3,371)
Total	\$	<u>47,686</u>

The following table provides supplemental Consolidated Balance Sheet information related to the Company's leases:

	June 30, 2019
Short-term operating lease liabilities	\$ 8,259
Long-term operating lease liabilities	39,427
Total operating lease liabilities	<u>\$ 47,686</u>
Weighted average remaining lease term	6.8 years
Weighted average discount rate	2.78%

The following table provides supplemental cash flow information related to the Company's leases:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	\$ 5,405
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations	2,810

As of June 30, 2019, the Company has additional operating lease exposure that have not yet commenced of \$1,291. These operating leases will have a commencement date occurring in the remainder of 2019 and have a lease term of five years.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

(In thousands, except asset balances and per share data)

This discussion reviews and analyzes the consolidated financial condition, the consolidated results of operations and other key factors that may affect future performance. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Overview

Consolidated Summary

We are a leading global provider of investment processing, investment management and investment operations platforms. We help corporations, financial institutions, financial advisors and ultra-high-net-worth families create and manage wealth by providing comprehensive, innovative, investment and investment-business platforms. Investment processing fees are earned as monthly fees for contracted services, including computer processing services, software licenses and investment operations services, as well as transaction-based fees for providing securities valuation and trade-execution. Investment operations and investment management fees are earned as a percentage of average assets under management, administration or advised assets. As of June 30, 2019, through our subsidiaries and partnerships in which we have a significant interest, we manage, advise or administer \$970.2 billion in hedge, private equity, mutual fund and pooled or separately managed assets, including \$335.3 billion in assets under management and \$630.5 billion in client assets under administration. Our affiliate, LSV Asset Management (LSV), manages \$103.6 billion of assets which are included as assets under management.

Our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 were:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Percent Change*	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percent Change*
	2019	2018			2019	2018	
Revenues	\$ 409,586	\$ 404,830	1%	\$ 810,406	\$ 810,428	—%	
Expenses	289,450	294,540	(2)%	586,709	583,822	—%	
Income from operations	120,136	110,290	9%	223,697	226,606	(1)%	
Net gain (loss) from investments	231	(139)	NM	1,510	(549)	NM	
Interest income, net of interest expense	4,147	3,030	37%	8,247	5,275	56%	
Equity in earnings from unconsolidated affiliate	37,832	41,073	(8)%	75,149	81,680	(8)%	
Income before income taxes	162,346	154,254	5%	308,603	313,012	(1)%	
Income taxes	35,806	32,577	10%	68,082	51,497	32%	
Net income	126,540	121,677	4%	240,521	261,515	(8)%	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.75	9%	\$ 1.54	\$ 1.61	(4)%	

* Variances noted "NM" indicate the percent change is not meaningful.

The following items had a significant impact on our financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

- Revenue from Asset management, administration and distribution fees increased primarily from higher assets under administration in our Investment Managers segment. Our average assets under administration increased \$71.1 billion, or 13 percent, to \$608.9 billion in the first six months of 2019 as compared to \$537.8 billion during the first six months of 2018. Our average assets under management, excluding LSV, decreased \$4.4 billion, or two percent, to \$225.9 billion in the first six months of 2019 as compared to \$230.3 billion during the first six months of 2018.
- Information processing and software servicing fees in our Private Banks segment decreased by \$5.5 million during the first six months of 2019 due to decreased non-recurring fees and previously announced client losses.
- Our proportionate share in the earnings of LSV decreased to \$75.1 million in the first six months of 2019 as compared to \$81.7 million in the first six months of 2018 primarily due to lower assets under management from LSV's existing clients from the significant market depreciation in late 2018, lower performance fees and negative cash flows. Market appreciation during the first six months of 2019 partially offset the decline in LSV's assets under management.

- Our operating expenses, primarily personnel costs, increased in the first six months of 2019 and decreased in the second quarter as compared to the prior year periods. The decline in the second quarter was primarily due to cost containment measures implemented in late 2018 and early 2019. These operating expenses are included in Compensation, benefits and other personnel costs on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.
- We capitalized \$18.7 million in the first six months of 2019 for the SEI Wealth Platform as compared to \$23.8 million in the first six months of 2018. Amortization expense related to SWP increased to \$20.9 million during the first six months of 2019 as compared to \$19.6 million during the first six months of 2018 due to significant enhancements.
- Our effective tax rate during the second quarter of 2019 was 22.1 percent as compared to 21.1 percent during the second quarter of 2018. Our tax rate was 22.1 percent during the first six months of 2019 as compared to 16.5 percent during the first six months of 2018. The increase in our effective tax rate for both periods was primarily due to reduced tax benefits from a lower volume of stock option exercise activity (See the caption "Income Taxes" later in this discussion for more information).
- We continued our stock repurchase program during 2019 and purchased 3.6 million shares for \$185.8 million in the six month period.

Ending Asset Balances

(In millions)

	As of June 30,		Percent Change
	2019	2018	
Private Banks:			
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$ 22,563	\$ 22,448	1%
Collective trust fund programs	4	4	—%
Liquidity funds	3,322	3,471	(4)%
Total assets under management	\$ 25,889	\$ 25,923	—%
Client assets under administration	23,387	22,435	4%
Total assets	\$ 49,276	\$ 48,358	2%
Investment Advisors:			
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$ 64,591	\$ 62,227	4%
Collective trust fund programs	6	5	20%
Liquidity funds	2,618	3,101	(16)%
Total assets under management	\$ 67,215	\$ 65,333	3%
Institutional Investors:			
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$ 82,335	\$ 83,687	(2)%
Collective trust fund programs	78	73	7%
Liquidity funds	2,173	2,594	(16)%
Total assets under management	\$ 84,586	\$ 86,354	(2)%
Client assets under advisement	3,598	4,544	(21)%
Total assets	\$ 88,184	\$ 90,898	(3)%
Investment Managers:			
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$ —	\$ 95	NM
Collective trust fund programs	51,838	45,213	15%
Liquidity funds	472	496	(5)%
Total assets under management	\$ 52,310	\$ 45,804	14%
Client assets under administration (A)	607,086	522,700	16%
Total assets	\$ 659,396	\$ 568,504	16%
Investments in New Businesses:			
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$ 1,566	\$ 1,120	40%
Liquidity funds	141	106	33%
Total assets under management	\$ 1,707	\$ 1,226	39%
Client assets under advisement	887	807	10%
Total assets	\$ 2,594	\$ 2,033	28%
LSV:			
Equity and fixed-income programs (B)	\$ 103,575	\$ 106,505	(3)%
Total:			
Equity and fixed-income programs (C)	\$ 274,630	\$ 276,082	(1)%
Collective trust fund programs	51,926	45,295	15%
Liquidity funds	8,726	9,768	(11)%
Total assets under management	\$ 335,282	\$ 331,145	1%
Client assets under advisement	4,485	5,351	(16)%
Client assets under administration (D)	630,473	545,135	16%
Total assets under management, advisement and administration	\$ 970,240	\$ 881,631	10%

- (A) Client assets under administration in the Investment Managers segment include \$57.1 billion of assets that are at fee levels below our normal full service assets (as of June 30, 2019).
- (B) Equity and fixed-income programs include assets managed by LSV in which fees are based on performance only. The ending value of these assets as of June 30, 2019 was \$2.8 billion.
- (C) Equity and fixed-income programs include \$5.5 billion of assets invested in various asset allocation funds at June 30, 2019.
- (D) In addition to the numbers presented, SEI also administers an additional \$11.6 billion in Funds of Funds assets (as of June 30, 2019) on which SEI does not earn an administration fee.

Average Asset Balances

(In millions)

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Percent Change	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2019	2018			2019	2018	Percent Change
Private Banks:							
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$ 22,088	\$ 22,870	(3)%	\$ 21,960	\$ 23,141	(5)%	
Collective trust fund programs	4	4	—%	4	4	—%	
Liquidity funds	3,388	3,516	(4)%	3,547	3,618	(2)%	
Total assets under management	\$ 25,480	\$ 26,390	(3)%	\$ 25,511	\$ 26,763	(5)%	
Client assets under administration	23,124	22,605	2%	22,611	23,002	(2)%	
Total assets	\$ 48,604	\$ 48,995	(1)%	\$ 48,122	\$ 49,765	(3)%	
Investment Advisors:							
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$ 62,419	\$ 62,890	(1)%	\$ 60,576	\$ 62,770	(3)%	
Collective trust fund programs	6	5	20%	6	5	20%	
Liquidity funds	3,465	2,429	43%	4,382	2,360	86%	
Total assets under management	\$ 65,890	\$ 65,324	1%	\$ 64,964	\$ 65,135	—%	
Institutional Investors:							
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$ 82,597	\$ 85,045	(3)%	\$ 82,161	\$ 86,126	(5)%	
Collective trust fund programs	78	72	8%	79	75	5%	
Liquidity funds	2,342	2,621	(11)%	2,359	2,763	(15)%	
Total assets under management	\$ 85,017	\$ 87,738	(3)%	\$ 84,599	\$ 88,964	(5)%	
Client assets under advisement	3,641	4,301	(15)%	3,568	4,342	(18)%	
Total assets	\$ 88,658	\$ 92,039	(4)%	\$ 88,167	\$ 93,306	(6)%	
Investment Managers:							
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$ —	\$ 109	NM	\$ —	\$ 103	NM	
Collective trust fund programs	50,108	45,646	10%	48,715	47,445	3%	
Liquidity funds	497	649	(23)%	528	742	(29)%	
Total assets under management	\$ 50,605	\$ 46,404	9%	\$ 49,243	\$ 48,290	2%	
Client assets under administration (A)	600,509	522,679	15%	586,287	514,815	14%	
Total assets	\$ 651,114	\$ 569,083	14%	\$ 635,530	\$ 563,105	13%	
Investments in New Businesses:							
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$ 1,436	\$ 1,090	32%	\$ 1,415	\$ 1,098	29%	
Liquidity funds	178	95	87%	190	83	129%	
Total assets under management	\$ 1,614	\$ 1,185	36%	\$ 1,605	\$ 1,181	36%	
Client assets under advisement	917	813	13%	813	432	88%	
Total assets	\$ 2,531	\$ 1,998	27%	\$ 2,418	\$ 1,613	50%	
LSV:							
Equity and fixed-income programs (B)	\$ 102,919	\$ 108,380	(5)%	\$ 103,718	\$ 109,142	(5)%	
Total:							
Equity and fixed-income programs (C)	\$ 271,459	\$ 280,384	(3)%	\$ 269,830	\$ 282,380	(4)%	
Collective trust fund programs	50,196	45,727	10%	48,804	47,529	3%	
Liquidity funds	9,870	9,310	6%	11,006	9,566	15%	
Total assets under management	\$ 331,525	\$ 335,421	(1)%	\$ 329,640	\$ 339,475	(3)%	
Client assets under advisement	4,558	5,114	(11)%	4,381	4,774	(8)%	
Client assets under administration (D)	623,633	545,284	14%	608,898	537,817	13%	
Total assets under management, advisement and administration	\$ 959,716	\$ 885,819	8%	\$ 942,919	\$ 882,066	7%	

- (A) Average client assets under administration in the Investment Managers segment for the three months ended June 30, 2019 include \$56.7 billion that are at fee levels below our normal full service assets.
- (B) Equity and fixed-income programs include assets managed by LSV in which fees are based on performance only. The average value of these assets for the three months ended June 30, 2019 was \$2.8 billion.
- (C) Equity and fixed-income programs include \$5.6 billion of average assets invested in various asset allocation funds for the three months ended June 30, 2019.
- (D) In addition to the numbers presented, SEI also administers an additional \$11.5 billion of average assets in Funds of Funds assets for the three months ended June 30, 2019 on which SEI does not earn an administration fee.

In the preceding tables, assets under management are total assets of our clients or their customers invested in our equity and fixed-income investment programs, collective trust fund programs, and liquidity funds for which we provide asset management services through our subsidiaries and partnerships in which we have a significant interest. Assets under advisement include assets for which we provide advisory services through a subsidiary to the accounts but do not manage the underlying assets. Assets under administration include total assets of our clients or their customers for which we provide administrative services, including client fund balances for which we provide administration and/or distribution services through our subsidiaries and partnerships in which we have a significant interest. The assets presented in the preceding tables do not include assets processed on SWP and are not included in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets because we do not own them.

Business Segments

Revenues, Expenses and Operating Profit (Loss) for our business segments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Percent Change	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percent Change
	2019	2018		2019	2018	
Private Banks:						
Revenues	\$ 116,092	\$ 121,126	(4)%	\$ 234,351	\$ 243,290	(4)%
Expenses	107,790	114,842	(6)%	218,752	227,044	(4)%
Operating Profit	\$ 8,302	\$ 6,284	32%	\$ 15,599	\$ 16,246	(4)%
Operating Margin	7%	5%		7%	7%	
Investment Advisors:						
Revenues	\$ 100,122	\$ 99,890	—%	\$ 194,883	\$ 199,082	(2)%
Expenses	50,558	53,052	(5)%	103,060	105,505	(2)%
Operating Profit	\$ 49,564	\$ 46,838	6%	\$ 91,823	\$ 93,577	(2)%
Operating Margin	50%	47%		47%	47%	
Institutional Investors:						
Revenues	\$ 81,109	\$ 83,434	(3)%	\$ 161,222	\$ 168,925	(5)%
Expenses	39,361	40,871	(4)%	78,115	82,120	(5)%
Operating Profit	\$ 41,748	\$ 42,563	(2)%	\$ 83,107	\$ 86,805	(4)%
Operating Margin	51%	51%		52%	51%	
Investment Managers:						
Revenues	\$ 109,202	\$ 97,566	12%	\$ 213,851	\$ 194,421	10%
Expenses	68,371	63,321	8%	137,437	126,659	9%
Operating Profit	\$ 40,831	\$ 34,245	19%	\$ 76,414	\$ 67,762	13%
Operating Margin	37%	35%		36%	35%	
Investments in New Businesses:						
Revenues	\$ 3,061	\$ 2,814	9%	\$ 6,099	\$ 4,710	29%
Expenses	6,797	5,940	14%	12,737	11,038	15%
Operating Loss	\$ (3,736)	\$ (3,126)	NM	\$ (6,638)	\$ (6,328)	NM

For additional information pertaining to our business segments, see Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Private Banks

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Percent Change	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percent Change
	2019	2018		2019	2018	
Revenues:						
Information processing and software servicing fees	\$ 82,045	\$ 85,398	(4)%	\$ 166,347	\$ 171,843	(3)%
Asset management, administration & distribution fees	34,047	35,728	(5)%	68,004	71,447	(5)%
Total revenues	<u>\$ 116,092</u>	<u>\$ 121,126</u>	(4)%	<u>\$ 234,351</u>	<u>\$ 243,290</u>	(4)%

Revenues decreased \$5.0 million, or four percent, in the three month period and decreased \$8.9 million, or four percent, in the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and were primarily affected by:

- Decreased investment processing fees from the loss of clients offset by new client conversions;
- Decreased non-recurring professional services fees from existing clients as well as clients scheduled for implementation;
- Decreased investment management fees from existing clients due to negative cash flows; and
- The negative impact from foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and the British pound on our foreign operations.

Operating margins increased to seven percent compared to five percent in the three month period and remained at seven percent in the six month period. Operating income increased by \$2.0 million, or 32 percent, in the three month period and decreased \$600 thousand, or four percent, in the six month period and was primarily affected by:

- A decrease in revenues;
- Increased amortization expense related to SWP due to continued enhancements; and
- The net negative impact from foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and the British pound on our foreign operations; partially offset by
- Decreased non-capitalized costs, mainly personnel and consulting costs, related to maintenance, support and client migrations to SWP; and
- Decreased direct expenses associated with decreased investment management fees from existing international clients.

Investment Advisors

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Percent Change	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percent Change
	2019	2018		2019	2018	
Revenues:						
Investment management fees-SEI fund programs	\$ 70,087	\$ 73,451	(5)%	\$ 136,710	\$ 146,786	(7)%
Separately managed account fees	25,448	22,419	14%	49,286	44,267	11%
Other fees	4,587	4,020	14%	8,887	8,029	11%
Total revenues	<u>\$ 100,122</u>	<u>\$ 99,890</u>	—%	<u>\$ 194,883</u>	<u>\$ 199,082</u>	(2)%

Revenues increased slightly in the three month period and decreased \$4.2 million, or two percent, in the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and were primarily affected by:

- Decreased investment management fees as favorable market conditions were more than offset by negative cash flows and a decrease in average basis points earned on assets due to client-directed shifts into lower fee investment products including SEI liquidity products and ETF programs; partially offset by
- Increased separately managed account program fees from positive cash flows into SEI's ETF programs; and
- Increase in account fees due to an increase in the number of advisor accounts on the SEI Wealth Platform.

Operating margin increased to 50 percent compared to 47 percent in the three month period and remained at 47 percent in the six month period. Operating income increased \$2.7 million, or six percent, in the three month period and decreased \$1.8 million, or two percent, in the six month period and was primarily affected by:

- A decrease in revenues;
- Increased personnel costs for marketing to and servicing new advisors;
- Increased direct expenses associated with increased assets into our investment products; and
- Increased amortization expense related to SWP due to continued enhancements; partially offset by
- Decreased non-capitalized costs, mainly personnel and consulting costs, related to maintenance, support and client migrations to SWP;
- Decreased sales compensation expense; and
- Decreased costs associated with accounts formerly processed on TRUST 3000® due to client migrations to SWP partially offset by approximately \$400 thousand of remaining fixed costs during second quarter 2019.

Institutional Investors

Revenues decreased \$2.3 million, or three percent, in the three month period and decreased \$7.7 million, or five percent, in the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and were primarily affected by:

- Defined benefit client losses, mainly resulting from acquisitions and plan curtailments; and
- The negative impact from foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and the British pound on our foreign operations; partially offset by
- Asset funding from new sales of our investment management platforms; and
- Increased investment management fees from market appreciation.

Operating margin remained at 51 percent in the three and six month periods. Operating income decreased \$800 thousand, or two percent, in the three month period and decreased \$3.7 million, or four percent, in the six month period and was primarily affected by:

- A decrease in revenues; and
- The net negative impact from foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and the British pound on our foreign operations; partially offset by
- Decreased direct expenses associated with investment management fees.

Investment Managers

Revenues increased \$11.6 million, or 12 percent, in the three month period and increased \$19.4 million, or 10 percent, in the six month period ended June 30, 2019 and were primarily affected by:

- Positive cash flows into alternative, traditional and separately managed account offerings from new and existing clients; partially offset by
- Client losses and fund closures.

Operating margin increased to 37 percent compared to 35 percent in the three month period and increased to 36 percent compared to 35 percent in the six month period. Operating income increased \$6.6 million, or 19 percent, in the three month period and increased \$8.7 million, or 13 percent, in the six month period and was primarily affected by:

- An increase in revenues; and
- The net positive impact from foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and the Euro on our foreign operations; partially offset by
- Increased personnel expenses, technology and other operational costs to service new and existing clients; and
- Increased non-capitalized investment spending, mainly consulting costs.

Other

Corporate overhead expenses

Corporate overhead expenses primarily consist of general and administrative expenses and other costs not directly attributable to a reportable business segment. Corporate overhead expenses were \$16.6 million and \$16.5 million in the

three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and \$36.6 million and \$31.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The increase in corporate overhead expenses is primarily due to increased non-recurring personnel-related costs, primarily severance costs.

Other income and expense

Other income and expense items on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations consists of:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Net gain (loss) from investments	\$ 231	\$ (139)	\$ 1,510	\$ (549)
Interest and dividend income	4,313	3,162	8,570	5,664
Interest expense	(166)	(132)	(323)	(389)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliate	37,832	41,073	75,149	81,680
Total other income and expense items, net	\$ 42,210	\$ 43,964	\$ 84,906	\$ 86,406

Interest and dividend income

Interest and dividend income is earned based upon the amount of cash that is invested daily. The increase in interest and dividend income in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 was due to an overall increase in interest rates.

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliate

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliate reflects our less than 50 percent ownership in LSV. As of June 30, 2019, our total partnership interest in LSV was 38.9 percent. The table below presents the revenues and net income of LSV and our proportionate share in LSV's earnings.

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2019	2018	Percent Change	2019	2018	Percent Change
Revenues of LSV	\$ 123,017	\$ 132,111	(7)%	\$ 243,932	\$ 263,829	(8)%
Net income of LSV	97,271	105,605	(8)%	193,219	210,011	(8)%
SEI's proportionate share in earnings of LSV	\$ 37,832	\$ 41,073	(8)%	\$ 75,149	\$ 81,680	(8)%

The decline in our earnings from LSV in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 was primarily due to decreased assets under management from LSV's existing clients due to the significant market depreciation in late 2018, lower performance fees and negative cash flows. Market appreciation during the first six months of 2019 partially offset the decline in LSV's assets under management. Average assets under management by LSV decreased \$5.4 billion to \$103.7 billion during the six months ended June 30, 2019 as compared to \$109.1 billion during the six months ended June 30, 2018, a decrease of five percent.

Income Taxes

Our effective income tax rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 differs from the federal income tax statutory rate due to the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
State taxes, net of federal tax benefit	2.6	2.3	2.6	2.3
Foreign tax expense and tax rate differential	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Tax benefit from stock option exercises	(1.1)	(2.0)	(1.1)	(6.5)
Other, net	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.2)
	22.1 %	21.1 %	22.1 %	16.5 %

The increase in our effective tax rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 was primarily due to reduced tax benefits due to a lower volume of stock option exercise activity as compared to the prior year periods.

Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of our financial assets and liabilities, except for the investment funds sponsored by LSV, is determined in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the investment funds sponsored by LSV is measured using the net asset value per share (NAV) as a practical expedient. The fair value of all other financial assets are determined using Level 1 or Level 2 inputs and consist mainly of investments in equity or fixed-income mutual funds that are quoted daily and Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) and other U.S. government agency securities that are single issuer pools that are valued based on current market data of similar assets. The Company's Level 3 financial liabilities at June 30, 2019 consist entirely of the estimated contingent consideration of \$12.1 million resulting from an acquisition (See Note 12 to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements). We did not have any financial liabilities at December 31, 2018 that were required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis (See Note 4 to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements).

Regulatory Matters

Like many firms operating within the financial services industry, we are experiencing a difficult and increasingly complex regulatory environment across our markets. Our current scale and reach as a provider to the financial services industry, the introduction and implementation of new platforms for our financial services industry clients, the increased regulatory oversight of the financial services industry generally, new laws and regulations affecting the financial services industry and ever-changing regulatory interpretations of existing laws and regulations, and a greater propensity of regulators to pursue enforcement actions and other sanctions against regulated entities, have made this an increasingly challenging and costly regulatory environment in which to operate.

SEI and our regulated subsidiaries have undergone or been scheduled to undergo a range of periodic or thematic reviews, examinations or investigations by numerous regulatory authorities around the world, including the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., the Financial Conduct Authority of the United Kingdom, the Central Bank of Ireland and others. These regulatory activities typically result in the identification of matters or practices to be addressed by us or our subsidiaries and, in certain circumstances, the regulatory authorities require remediation activities or pursue enforcement proceedings against us or our subsidiaries. From time to time, the regulators in different jurisdictions will elevate their level of scrutiny of our operations as our business expands or is deemed critical to the operations of the relevant financial markets. As described under the caption "Regulatory Considerations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, the range of possible sanctions that are available to regulatory authorities include limitations on our ability to engage in business for specified periods of time, the revocation of registration, censures and fines. The direct and indirect costs of responding to these regulatory activities, implementation of any remediation actions, and of complying with new or modified regulations, as well as the potential financial costs and potential reputational impact against us of any enforcement proceedings that might result, is uncertain but could have a material adverse impact on our operating results or financial position.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 217,645	\$ 262,876
Net cash used in investing activities	(30,306)	(63,909)
Net cash used in financing activities	(259,869)	(243,732)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	277	(6,036)
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(72,253)	(50,801)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	758,039	747,752
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 685,786	\$ 696,951

Cash requirements and liquidity needs are primarily funded through our cash flow from operations and our capacity for additional borrowing. At June 30, 2019, our unused sources of liquidity consisted of cash and cash equivalents and the amount available under our credit facility.

Our credit facility provides for borrowings of up to \$300.0 million and is scheduled to expire in June 2021 (See Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). As of July 18, 2019, we had outstanding letters of credit of \$11.7 million which reduced our amount available under the credit facility to \$288.3 million. These letters of credit were primarily issued for the expansion of our corporate headquarters and are due to expire during the remainder of 2019.

The availability of the credit facility is subject to compliance with certain covenants set forth in the agreement. The credit facility contains covenants which restrict our ability to engage in mergers, consolidations, asset sales, investments, transactions with affiliates, or to incur liens, as defined in the agreement. In the event of a default under the credit facility, we would also be restricted from paying dividends on, or repurchasing, our common stock. Currently, our ability to borrow from the credit facility is not limited by any covenant of the agreement.

The majority of our excess cash reserves are primarily placed in accounts located in the United States that invest entirely in SEI-sponsored money market mutual funds denominated in the U.S. dollar. We also utilize demand deposit accounts or money market accounts at several well-established financial institutions located in the United States. Accounts used to manage these excess cash reserves do not impose any restrictions or limitations that would prevent us from being able to access such cash amounts immediately. As of July 18, 2019, the amount of cash and cash equivalents considered free and immediately accessible for other general corporate purposes was \$328.2 million.

Our cash and cash equivalents include accounts managed by our subsidiaries that are used in their operations or to cover specific business and regulatory requirements. The availability of this cash for other purposes beyond the operations of these subsidiaries may be limited. We therefore do not include accounts of our foreign subsidiaries in our calculation of free and immediately accessible cash for other general corporate purposes. With the enactment of the Tax Act, a portion of the undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries are deemed repatriated. Any subsequent transfer of available cash related to the repatriated earnings of our foreign subsidiaries could significantly increase our free and immediately accessible cash.

Cash flows from operations decreased \$45.2 million in the first six months of 2019 compared to the first six months of 2018 primarily from the decrease in our net income, lower distribution payments received from our unconsolidated affiliate, LSV, and the negative impact from the change in our working capital accounts.

Net cash used in investing activities includes:

- *Purchases, sales and maturities of marketable securities.* Our purchases, sales and maturities of marketable securities in the first six months of 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018
Purchases	\$ (77,891)	\$ (74,957)
Sales and maturities	85,012	64,626
Net investing activities from marketable securities	\$ 7,121	\$ (10,331)

- *The capitalization of costs incurred in developing computer software.* We capitalized \$19.2 million of software development costs in the first six months of 2019 as compared to \$24.6 million in the first six months of 2018. The majority of our software development costs are related to significant enhancements for the expanded functionality of the SEI Wealth Platform.
- *Capital expenditures.* Our capital expenditures in the first six months of 2019 were \$18.2 million as compared to \$12.7 million in the first six months of 2018. Our expenditures in 2019 and 2018 primarily include purchased software, equipment for our data center operations and the expansion of our corporate headquarters.

Net cash used in financing activities includes:

- *The repurchase of our common stock.* Our Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of our common stock through multiple authorizations. Currently, there is no expiration date for our common stock repurchase program. We had total capital outlays of \$183.4 million during the first six months of 2019 and \$189.4 million during the first six months of 2018 for the repurchase of our common stock.
- *Proceeds from the issuance of our common stock.* We received \$24.3 million in proceeds from the issuance of our common stock during the first six months of 2019 as compared to \$70.0 million during the first six months of 2018. The decrease in proceeds is primarily attributable to a lower level of stock option exercise activity.
- *Dividend payments.* Cash dividends paid were \$100.7 million in the first six months of 2019 as compared to \$94.3 million in the first six months of 2018.
- *Principal repayments on revolving credit facility.* In July 2017, we borrowed \$40.0 million for the funding of an acquisition. We made principal payments of \$10.0 million each during October 2017 and March 2018 and a final payment of \$20.0 million in April 2018 to repay the entire outstanding balance.

We believe our operating cash flow, available borrowing capacity, and existing cash and cash equivalents should provide adequate funds for ongoing operations; continued investment in new products and equipment; our common stock repurchase program, expansion of our corporate headquarters and future dividend payments.

Forward-Looking Information and Risk Factors

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a “safe harbor” for forward-looking statements. Certain information contained in this discussion is or may be considered forward-looking. Forward-looking statements relate to future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments. Forward-looking statements are based upon estimates and assumptions that involve certain risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control or are subject to change. Although we believe our assumptions are reasonable, they could be inaccurate. Our actual future revenues and income could differ materially from our expected results. We have no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements.

Among the risks and uncertainties which may affect our future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments are those risks described in our latest Annual Report on Form 10-K in Part I, Item 1A. These risks include the following:

- changes in capital markets that may affect our revenues and earnings;
- product development risk;
- risk of failure by a third-party service provider;
- data and cyber security risks;
- operational risks associated with the processing of investment transactions;
- systems and technology risks;
- pricing pressure from increased competition, disruptive technology and poor investment performance;
- the affect on our earnings and cashflows from the performance of LSV Asset Management;
- third party pricing services for the valuation of securities invested in our investment products;
- external factors affecting the fiduciary management market;
- the affect of extensive governmental regulation;
- litigation and regulatory examinations and investigations;
- our ability to capture the expected value from acquisitions, divestitures, joint ventures, minority stakes or strategic alliances;
- increased costs and regulatory risks from the growth of our business;
- consolidation within our target markets;
- our ability to receive dividends or other payments in needed amounts from our subsidiaries;
- the exit by the United Kingdom from the European Union;
- third party approval of our investment products with advisors affiliated with independent broker-dealers or other networks;
- the effectiveness of our risk management and business continuity strategies, models and processes;
- financial and non-financial covenants which may restrict our ability to manage liquidity needs;
- changes in, or interpretation of, accounting principles or tax rules and regulations;
- fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates;
- fluctuations in interest rates affecting the value of our fixed-income investment securities;
- our ability to hire and retain qualified employees;
- stockholder activism efforts;
- retention of executive officers and senior management personnel; and
- unforeseen or catastrophic events, including the emergence of pandemic, terrorist attacks, extreme weather events or other natural disasters.

We conduct our operations through several regulated wholly-owned subsidiaries. These subsidiaries are:

- SEI Investments Distribution Co., or SIDCO, a broker-dealer registered with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., or FINRA;

- SEI Investments Management Corporation, or SIMC, an investment advisor registered with the SEC under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or CFTC, under the Commodity Exchange Act;
- SEI Private Trust Company, or SPTC, a limited purpose federal thrift chartered and regulated by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency;
- SEI Trust Company, or STC, a Pennsylvania trust company, regulated by the Pennsylvania Department of Banking and Securities;
- SEI Investments (Europe) Limited, or SIEL, an investment manager and financial institution subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority of the United Kingdom;
- SEI Investments Canada Company, or SEI Canada, an investment fund manager that has various other capacities that is regulated by the Ontario Securities Commission and various provincial authorities;
- SEI Investments Global, Limited, or SIGL, a management company for Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities, or UCITS, and for Alternative Investment Funds, or AIFs, that is regulated primarily by the Central Bank of Ireland, or CBI;
- SEI Investments - Global Fund Services, Ltd., or GFSL, an authorized provider of administration services for Irish and non-Irish collective investment schemes that is regulated by the CBI; and
- SEI Investments - Depository and Custodial Services (Ireland) Limited, or D&C, an authorized provider of depository and custodial services that is regulated by the CBI.

In addition to the regulatory authorities listed above, our subsidiaries are subject to the jurisdiction of regulatory authorities in other foreign countries. In addition to our wholly-owned subsidiaries, we also own a minority interest of approximately 38.9 percent in LSV, which is also an investment advisor registered with the SEC.

The Company, its regulated subsidiaries, their regulated services and solutions and their customers are all subject to extensive legislation, regulation and supervision that recently has been subject to, and continues to experience, significant change and increased regulatory activity. These changes and regulatory activities could have a material adverse effect on us and our clients.

The various governmental agencies and self-regulatory authorities that regulate or supervise the Company and its subsidiaries have broad administrative powers. In the event of a failure to comply with laws, regulations and requirements of these agencies and authorities, the possible business process changes required or sanctions that may be imposed include the suspension of individual employees, limitations on our ability to engage in business for specified periods of time, the revocation of applicable registration as a broker-dealer, investment advisor or other regulated entity, and, as the case may be, censures and fines. Additionally, certain securities and banking laws applicable to us and our subsidiaries provide for certain private rights of action that could give rise to civil litigation. Any litigation could have significant financial and non-financial consequences including monetary judgments and the requirement to take action or limit activities that could ultimately affect our business.

Governmental scrutiny from regulators, legislative bodies and law enforcement agencies with respect to matters relating to our regulated subsidiaries and their activities, services and solutions, our business practices, our past actions and other matters has increased dramatically in the past several years. Responding to these examinations, investigations, actions and lawsuits, regardless of the ultimate outcome of the proceeding, is time consuming and expensive and can divert the time and effort of our senior management from our business. Penalties, fines and changes to business processes sought by regulatory authorities have increased substantially over the last several years, and certain regulators have been more likely in recent years to commence enforcement actions or to advance or support legislation targeted at the financial services industry. We continue to be subject to inquiries from examinations and investigations by supervisory and enforcement divisions of regulatory authorities and expect this to continue in the future. We believe this is also the case with many of our regulated clients. Governmental scrutiny and legal and enforcement proceedings can also have a negative impact on our reputation, our relationship with clients and prospective clients, and on the morale and performance of our employees, which could adversely affect our businesses and results of operations.

We are subject to the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001, which contains anti-money laundering and financial transparency laws and requires implementation of regulations applicable to financial services companies, including standards for verifying client identification and monitoring client transactions and detecting and reporting suspicious activities. Anti-money laundering laws outside the United States contain similar requirements. We offer investment and banking solutions that also are subject to regulation by the federal and state securities and banking authorities, as well as foreign regulatory authorities, where applicable. Existing or future regulations that affect these solutions could lead to a reduction in sales of these solutions or require modifications of these solutions.

Compliance with existing and future regulations and responding to and complying with recent increased regulatory activity affecting broker-dealers, investment advisors, investment companies, financial institutions and their service providers could have a significant impact on us. We periodically undergo regulatory examinations and respond to regulatory inquiries and document requests. In addition, recent and continuing legislative activity in the United States and in other jurisdictions (including the European Union and the United Kingdom) have made and continue to make extensive changes to the laws regulating financial services firms. Recent changes include the effectiveness of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (MiFID II) and pending effectiveness of the General Data Protection Regulation in the European Union and the U.S. Department of Labor's Fiduciary Rule. As a result of these examinations, inquiries and requests, as a result of increased civil litigation activity, and as a result of these new laws and regulations, we engage legal counsel and other subject matter experts, review our compliance procedures, solution and service offerings, and business operations, and make changes as we deem necessary or as may be required by the applicable authority. These additional activities and required changes may result in increased expense or may reduce revenues.

Our bank clients are subject to supervision by federal, state and foreign banking and financial services authorities concerning the manner in which such clients purchase and receive our products and services. Our plan sponsor clients and our subsidiaries providing services to those clients are subject to supervision by the Department of Labor and compliance with employee benefit regulations. Investment advisor and broker-dealer clients are regulated by the SEC, state securities authorities, or FINRA. Existing or future regulations applicable to our clients may affect our clients' purchase of our products and services.

In addition, see the discussion of governmental regulations in Item 1A "Risk Factors" in our latest Annual Report on Form 10-K for a description of the risks that proposed regulatory changes may present for our business.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Information required by this item is set forth under the captions "Our revenues and earnings are affected by changes in capital markets" and "Changes in interest rates may affect the value of our fixed-income investment securities" in Item 1A "Risk Factors" and under the caption "Sensitivity of our revenues and earnings to capital market fluctuations and client portfolio strategy" in Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. There have been no material changes to this information as it is disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2018.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by us in reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. A controls system, no matter how well designed and operated, cannot provide absolute assurance that the objectives of the controls systems are met, and no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within a company have been detected.

(b) Change in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No change in our internal control over financial reporting occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2019 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. We implemented internal controls to ensure we adequately evaluated our leases and properly assessed the impact of the new accounting standard related to leases on our consolidated financial statements to facilitate the adoption of this standard on January 1, 2019 as well as the ongoing accounting under the new standard. There were no significant changes to our internal control over financial reporting during 2019 as a result of the ongoing accounting under the new accounting standard.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Stanford Trust Company Litigation

SEI has been named in seven lawsuits filed in Louisiana courts; four of the cases also name SPTC as a defendant. The underlying allegations in all actions relate to the purported role of SPTC in providing back-office services to Stanford Trust Company. The complaints allege that SEI and SPTC participated in some manner in the sale of "certificates of deposit" issued by Stanford International Bank so as to be a "seller" of the certificates of deposit for purposes of primary liability under the Louisiana Securities Law or so as to be secondarily liable under that statute for sales of certificates of deposit made by Stanford Trust Company. Two of the actions also include claims for violations of the Louisiana Racketeering Act and possibly conspiracy, and a third also asserts claims of negligence, breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, violations of the uniform fiduciaries law, negligent misrepresentation, detrimental reliance, violations of the Louisiana Racketeering Act, and conspiracy.

The procedural status of the seven cases varies. The *Lillie* case, filed originally in the 19th Judicial District Court for the Parish of East Baton Rouge, was brought as a class action and is procedurally the most advanced of the cases. SEI and SPTC filed exceptions, which the Court granted in part, dismissing claims under the Louisiana Unfair Trade Practices Act and permitting the claims under the Louisiana Securities Law to go forward. On March 11, 2013, newly-added insurance carrier defendants removed the case to the United States District Court for the Middle District of Louisiana. On August 7, 2013, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation transferred the matter to the Northern District of Texas where MDL 2099, *In re: Stanford Entities Securities Litigation* ("the Stanford MDL"), is pending. On September 22, 2015, the District Court on the motion of SEI and SPTC dismissed plaintiffs' claims for primary liability under Section 714(A) of the Louisiana Securities Law, but declined to dismiss plaintiffs' claims for secondary liability under Section 714(B) of the Louisiana Securities Law based on the allegations pled by plaintiffs. On November 4, 2015, the District Court granted SEI and SPTC's motion to dismiss plaintiffs' claims under Section 712(D) of the Louisiana Securities Law. Consequently, the only claims of plaintiffs remaining in *Lillie* are plaintiffs' claims for secondary liability against SEI and SPTC under Section 714(B) of the Louisiana Securities Law. On May 2, 2016, the District Court certified the class as being "all persons for whom Stanford Trust Company purchased or renewed Stanford Investment Bank Limited certificates of deposit in Louisiana between January 1, 2007 and February 13, 2009". Notice of the pendency of the class action was mailed to potential class members on October 4, 2016.

On December 1, 2016, a group of plaintiffs who opted out of the *Lillie* class filed a complaint against SEI and SPTC in the United States District Court in the Middle District of Louisiana ("*Ahders* Complaint"), alleging claims essentially the same as those in *Lillie*. In January 2017, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation transferred the *Ahders* proceeding to the Northern District of Texas and the Stanford MDL. During February 2017, SEI filed its response to the *Ahders* Complaint, and in March 2017 the District Court for the Northern District of Texas approved the stipulated dismissal of all claims in this Complaint predicated on Section 712(D) or Section 714(A) of the Louisiana Securities Law. In both cases, as a result of the proceedings in the Northern District of Texas, only the plaintiffs' secondary liability claims under Section 714(B) of the Louisiana Securities Law remain. Limited discovery and motions practice have occurred, including SEI and SPTC's filing of a dispositive summary judgment motion in the *Lillie* proceeding. On January 31, 2019, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation remanded the *Lillie* and *Ahders* proceedings to the Middle District of Louisiana.

On July 9, 2019, the District Court issued an order granting SEI's Summary Judgment Motion to dismiss the remaining Section 714(B) claim in the *Lillie* proceeding and denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Continuance of SEI and SPTC's Motion for Summary Judgment pursuant to Rule 56(d).

On July 16, 2019, SEI and SPTC filed a Motion for Summary Judgment pursuant to Rule 56(d) in the *Ahders* proceeding to have the remaining Section 714(B) claim dismissed.

On July 17, 2019, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Reconsideration and/or New Trial as to the July 9, 2019 Ruling and Order (ECF 146) by the Honorable Brian A. Jackson denying a continuance of SEI's Motion for Summary Judgment pursuant to Rule 56(d). SEI and SPTC expect to file an answer to Plaintiffs' Motion for Reconsideration on or before the deadline for responding of August 8, 2019.

Another case, filed in the 23rd Judicial District Court for the Parish of Ascension, also was removed to federal court and transferred by the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation to the Northern District of Texas and the Stanford MDL. The schedule for responding to that Complaint has not yet been established.

Two additional cases remain in the Parish of East Baton Rouge. Plaintiffs filed petitions in 2010 and have granted SEI and SPTC indefinite extensions to respond. No material activity has taken place since.

In two additional cases, filed in East Baton Rouge and brought by the same counsel who filed the *Lillie* action, virtually all of the litigation to date has involved motions practice and appellate litigation regarding the existence of federal subject matter jurisdiction under the federal Securities Litigation Uniform Standards Act (SLUSA). The matters were removed to the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas and consolidated. The court then dismissed the action under SLUSA. The Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit reversed that order, and the Supreme Court of the United States affirmed the Court of Appeals judgment on February 26, 2014. The matters were remanded to state court and no material activity has taken place since that date.

While the outcome of this litigation remains uncertain, SEI and SPTC believe that they have valid defenses to plaintiffs' claims and intend to defend the lawsuits vigorously. Because of uncertainty in the make-up of the *Lillie* class, the specific theories of liability that may survive a motion for summary judgment or other dispositive motion, the relative lack of discovery regarding damages, causation, mitigation and other aspects that may ultimately bear upon loss, the Company is not reasonably able to provide an estimate of loss, if any, with respect to the foregoing lawsuits.

SEI Capital Accumulation Plan Litigation

On September 28, 2018, a class action complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania by Gordon Stevens, individually and as the representative of similarly situated persons, and on behalf of the SEI Capital Accumulation Plan (the "Plan") naming the Company and its affiliated and/or related entities SEI Investments Management Corporation, SEI Capital Accumulation Plan Design Committee, SEI Capital Accumulation Plan Investment Committee, SEI Capital Accumulation Plan Administration Committee, and John Does 1-30 as defendants (the "Stevens Complaint"). The Stevens Complaint seeks unspecified damages for defendants' breach of fiduciary duties under ERISA with respect to selecting and monitoring the Plan's investment options and by retaining affiliated investment products in the Plan.

On May 14, 2019, Plaintiff and SEI filed notice with the court of their collective intent to settle the Stevens Litigation. As of the date of this report, the terms of the settlement have not yet been finalized, and will be subject to court review and approval. Although SEI has agreed to settle this matter in the very early stages of the litigation in order to avoid the high cost of protracted class-action litigation and internal distractions such cases bring, SEI believes its defenses against the plaintiff's allegations remain valid.

While the outcome of this litigation remains uncertain, the defendants believe that they have valid defenses to plaintiffs' claims and intend to defend the allegations contained in the Stevens Complaint vigorously. Because of uncertainty in the make-up of the purported class named in the Stevens Complaint, the specific theories of liability that may survive a motion for summary judgment or other dispositive motion, the lack of specificity or discovery regarding damages, causation, mitigation and other aspects that may ultimately bear upon loss, the Company is not reasonably able to provide an estimate of loss, if any, with respect to the matters set forth in the Stevens Complaint.

Other Matters

The Company is also a party to various other actions and claims arising in the normal course of business that the Company does not believe are material. The Company believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or the manner in which the Company conducts its business. Currently, the Company does not believe the amount of losses associated with these matters can be estimated. While the Company does not believe that the amount of such losses will, when liquidated or estimable, be material to its financial position, the assumptions may be incorrect and any such loss could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or the manner in which the Company conducts its business in the period(s) during which the underlying matters are resolved.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Information regarding risk factors appears in Part I – Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2018.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

(e) Our Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of up to \$3.928 billion worth of our common stock through multiple authorizations. Currently, there is no expiration date for our common stock repurchase program. On July 23, 2019, our Board of Directors approved an increase in the stock repurchase program by an additional \$250.0 million, increasing the available authorization to approximately \$280.1 million.

Information regarding the repurchase of common stock during the three months ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program
April 2019	275,000	\$ 53.60	275,000	\$ 112,348,000
May 2019	825,000	51.99	825,000	69,459,000
June 2019	725,000	54.34	725,000	30,061,000
Total	<u>1,825,000</u>	\$ 53.17	<u>1,825,000</u>	

Item 6. Exhibits.

The following is a list of exhibits filed as part of the Form 10-Q.

[31.1](#) [Rule 13a-15\(e\)/15d-15\(e\) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.](#)

[31.2](#) [Rule 13a-15\(e\)/15d-15\(e\) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.](#)

[32](#) [Section 1350 Certifications.](#)

[99.1](#) [Press release dated July 24, 2019 of SEI Investments Company related to the Company's financial and operating results for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019.](#)

101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SEI INVESTMENTS COMPANY

Date: July 25, 2019

By: /s/ Dennis J. McGonigle

Dennis J. McGonigle
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Alfred P. West, Jr., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of SEI Investments Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: July 25, 2019

/s/ Alfred P. West, Jr.

Alfred P. West, Jr.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Dennis J. McGonigle, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of SEI Investments Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: July 25, 2019

/s/ Dennis J. McGonigle

Dennis J. McGonigle

Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Alfred P. West, Jr., Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and I, Dennis J. McGonigle, Chief Financial Officer, of SEI Investments Company, a Pennsylvania corporation (the "Company"), hereby certify that, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019 (the "Form 10-Q") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: July 25, 2019

Date: July 25, 2019

/s/ Alfred P. West, Jr.

/s/ Dennis J. McGonigle

Alfred P. West, Jr.

Dennis J. McGonigle

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Press Release

SEI New ways.
New answers.***Investor Contact:**

Lindsey Opsahl
SEI SEI
+1 610-676-4052
lopsahl@seic.com
Pages: 8

Media Contact:

Leslie Wojcik
+1 610-676-4191
lwojcik@seic.com

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE**SEI Reports Second-Quarter 2019 Financial Results**

OAKS, Pa., July 24, 2019 – SEI Investments Company (NASDAQ:SEIC) today announced financial results for the second-quarter 2019. Diluted earnings per share were \$0.82 in second-quarter 2019 compared to \$0.75 in second-quarter 2018.

In addition, on July 23, 2019, SEI's Board of Directors approved an increase in its stock repurchase program by an additional \$250 million, increasing the available authorization under the program to approximately \$280 million.

Consolidated Overview

(In thousands, except earnings per share)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>%</u>
Revenues	\$409,586	\$404,830	1%	\$810,406	\$810,428	—%
Net income	126,540	121,677	4%	240,521	261,515	(8)%
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.82	\$0.75	9%	\$1.54	\$1.61	(4)%

“Our second-quarter results reflect improved capital markets, the implementation of new clients and the delivery of services to existing clients. We are efficiently managing the business while making the necessary investments to expand our opportunities and strengthen the platforms we bring to our target markets,” said Alfred P. West, Jr., SEI Chairman and CEO.

“We continue to face up to the challenges presented by the ever-changing markets, while innovating to take advantage of today's opportunities and those we anticipate in the future. Our platforms are built to help our clients achieve lasting success. This key focus will foster the company's growth and increased shareholder value over the long term.”

Summary of Second-Quarter Results by Business Segment

(In thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended June 30,		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>%</u>
Private Banks:						
Revenues	\$116,092	\$121,126	(4)%	\$234,351	\$243,290	(4)%
Expenses	<u>107,790</u>	<u>114,842</u>	(6)%	<u>218,752</u>	<u>227,044</u>	(4)%
Operating Profit	8,302	6,284	32%	15,599	16,246	(4)%
Operating Margin	7%	5%		7%	7%	
Investment Advisors:						
Revenues	100,122	99,890	—%	194,883	199,082	(2)%
Expenses	<u>50,558</u>	<u>53,052</u>	(5)%	<u>103,060</u>	<u>105,505</u>	(2)%
Operating Profit	49,564	46,838	6%	91,823	93,577	(2)%
Operating Margin	50%	47%		47%	47%	
Institutional Investors:						
Revenues	81,109	83,434	(3)%	161,222	168,925	(5)%
Expenses	<u>39,361</u>	<u>40,871</u>	(4)%	<u>78,115</u>	<u>82,120</u>	(5)%
Operating Profit	41,748	42,563	(2)%	83,107	86,805	(4)%
Operating Margin	51%	51%		52%	51%	
Investment Managers:						
Revenues	109,202	97,566	12%	213,851	194,421	10%
Expenses	<u>68,371</u>	<u>63,321</u>	8%	<u>137,437</u>	<u>126,659</u>	9%
Operating Profit	40,831	34,245	19%	76,414	67,762	13%
Operating Margin	37%	35%		36%	35%	
Investments in New Businesses:						
Revenues	3,061	2,814	9%	6,099	4,710	29%
Expenses	<u>6,797</u>	<u>5,940</u>	14%	<u>12,737</u>	<u>11,038</u>	15%
Operating Loss	(3,736)	(3,126)	NM	(6,638)	(6,328)	NM
Totals:						
Revenues	\$409,586	\$404,830	1%	\$810,406	\$810,428	—%
Expenses	<u>272,877</u>	<u>278,026</u>	(2)%	<u>550,101</u>	<u>552,366</u>	—%
Corporate overhead expenses	<u>16,573</u>	<u>16,514</u>	—%	<u>36,608</u>	<u>31,456</u>	16%
Income from operations	<u>\$120,136</u>	<u>\$110,290</u>	9%	<u>\$223,697</u>	<u>\$226,606</u>	(1)%

Second-Quarter Business Highlights:

- Revenues from Asset management, administration, and distribution fees increased primarily from higher assets under administration in our Investment Managers segment.
- Our average assets under administration increased \$78.3 billion, or 14 percent, to \$623.6 billion in the second-quarter 2019, as compared to \$545.3 billion during the second-quarter 2018 (see attached Average Asset Balances schedules for further details).
- Our average assets under management, excluding LSV, increased \$1.6 billion, or one percent, to \$228.6 billion in the second-quarter 2019, as compared to \$227.0 billion during the second-quarter 2018 (see attached Average Asset Balances schedules for further details).
- Information processing and software servicing fees in our Private Banks segment decreased by \$3.4 million due to decreased non-recurring fees and previously announced client losses.
- Our Subadvisory, distribution and other asset management costs increased in second-quarter 2019, primarily from higher assets under management.
- Sales events, net of client losses, during second-quarter 2019 totaled approximately \$12.7 million and are expected to generate net annualized recurring revenues of approximately \$10.8 million when contract values are fully realized.
- Our earnings from LSV decreased by \$3.2 million, or eight percent, to \$37.8 million in second-quarter 2019 as compared to \$41.1 million in second-quarter 2018. The decrease in earnings was primarily due to a decline in assets under management from market depreciation, as well as reduced performance fees earned by LSV and negative cash flows.
- Our operating expenses during the second-quarter 2019 decreased primarily due to cost containment measures implemented in late 2018 and early 2019. These measures mainly impacted personnel compensation and consulting costs.
- Total expenses during the second-quarter 2019 in our Investment Advisors segment included approximately \$400 thousand of fixed costs associated with TRUST 3000®.
- We capitalized \$9.0 million of software development costs in second-quarter 2019 for continued enhancements to the SEI Wealth PlatformSM (SWP). Amortization expense related to SWP was \$10.5 million in second-quarter 2019.
- Our effective tax rates were 22.1 percent in second-quarter 2019 and 21.1 percent in second-quarter 2018. The increase in our effective tax rate was primarily due to reduced tax benefits from a lower volume of stock option exercise activity during the quarter as compared to the prior year period.
- We repurchased 1.8 million shares of our common stock for \$97.0 million during the second-quarter 2019.

Earnings Conference Call

A conference call to review earnings is scheduled for 4:30 p.m. Eastern Time on July 24, 2019. Investors may listen to the call at seic.com/ir-events. Investors may also listen to a replay by telephone at (USA) 800-475-6701; (International) 320-365-3844, access code 469877.

About SEI

After 50 years in business, SEI (NASDAQ:SEIC) remains a leading global provider of investment processing, investment management, and investment operations solutions that help corporations, financial institutions, financial advisors, and ultra-high-net-worth families create and manage wealth.

As of June 30, 2019, through its subsidiaries and partnerships in which the company has a significant interest, SEI manages, advises or administers \$970 billion in hedge, private equity, mutual fund and pooled or separately managed assets, including \$335 billion in assets under management and \$630 billion in client assets under administration. For more information, visit seic.com.

This release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. In some cases you can identify forward-looking statements by the words "may," "will," "expect," "believe," and "continue" or "appear." Our forward-looking statements include discussions about future operations, strategies and financial results, including our expectations as to revenue that we believe will be generated by sales events that occurred during the quarter, the degree to which we are able to take advantage of current and anticipated market opportunities, the degree to which the manner in which we will seek to invest will create opportunities for growth and value, and whether our current initiatives will create growth and shareholder value. You should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements as they are based on the current beliefs and expectations of our management and subject to significant risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control or are subject to change. Although we believe the assumptions upon which we base our forward-looking statements are reasonable, they could be inaccurate. Some of the risks and important factors that could cause actual results to differ from those described in our forward-looking statements can be found in the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended Dec. 31, 2018, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and available on our website at <https://www.seic.com/investor-relations> and on the Securities and Exchange Commission's website (www.sec.gov). There may be additional risks that we do not presently know or that we currently believe are immaterial which could also cause actual results to differ from those contained in our forward-looking statements. We do not undertake to update the forward-looking statements to reflect the impact of circumstances or events that may arise after the date of the forward-looking statements.

SEI INVESTMENTS COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(In thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Asset management, admin. and distribution fees	\$324,925	\$316,508	\$638,869	\$632,717
Information processing and software servicing fees	84,661	88,322	171,537	177,711
Total revenues	409,586	404,830	810,406	810,428
Subadvisory, distribution and other asset mgmt. costs	46,177	45,209	89,982	90,414
Software royalties and other information processing costs	7,393	7,977	15,521	16,695
Compensation, benefits and other personnel	125,999	127,375	256,334	251,652
Stock-based compensation	5,064	5,323	10,102	10,518
Consulting, outsourcing and professional fees	45,330	50,441	95,536	99,148
Data processing and computer related	22,184	21,133	43,176	41,724
Facilities, supplies and other costs	17,100	17,783	35,845	35,396
Amortization	12,781	12,161	25,460	24,015
Depreciation	7,422	7,138	14,753	14,260
Total expenses	289,450	294,540	586,709	583,822
Income from operations	120,136	110,290	223,697	226,606
Net gain (loss) on investments	231	(139)	1,510	(549)
Interest and dividend income	4,313	3,162	8,570	5,664
Interest expense	(166)	(132)	(323)	(389)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliate	37,832	41,073	75,149	81,680
Income before income taxes	162,346	154,254	308,603	313,012
Income taxes	35,806	32,577	68,082	51,497
Net income	\$126,540	\$121,677	\$240,521	\$261,515
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.83	\$0.77	\$1.58	\$1.66
Shares used to calculate basic earnings per share	151,863	157,542	152,587	157,488
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.82	\$0.75	\$1.54	\$1.61
Shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share	155,165	162,225	155,853	162,825
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.33	\$0.30	\$0.33	\$0.30

SEI INVESTMENTS COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

	<u>June 30,</u> <u>2019</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2018</u>
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$682,266	\$754,525
Restricted cash	3,520	3,514
Receivables from investment products	52,407	49,869
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,101 and \$718	335,144	315,336
Securities owned	32,289	30,892
Other current assets	31,915	36,676
Total Current Assets	<u>1,137,541</u>	<u>1,190,812</u>
Property and Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$352,293 and \$338,206	150,045	145,863
Operating Lease Right-of-Use Assets	42,940	—
Capitalized Software, net of accumulated amortization of \$418,675 and \$395,171	305,184	309,500
Investments Available for Sale	106,671	111,901
Investments in Affiliated Funds, at fair value	5,434	4,887
Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliate	50,203	52,342
Goodwill	64,489	64,489
Intangible Assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$6,932 and \$5,090	29,828	31,670
Deferred Contract Costs	25,132	24,007
Deferred Income Taxes	1,571	2,042
Other Assets, net	33,761	34,155
Total Assets	<u>\$1,952,799</u>	<u>\$1,971,668</u>
Liabilities and Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$5,494	\$10,920
Accrued liabilities	178,473	279,634
Short-term operating lease liabilities	8,259	—
Deferred revenue	4,705	5,154
Total Current Liabilities	<u>196,931</u>	<u>295,708</u>
Long-term Taxes Payable	803	803
Deferred Income Taxes	55,793	57,795
Long-term Operating Lease Liabilities	39,427	—
Other Long-term Liabilities	25,344	24,215
Total Liabilities	<u>318,298</u>	<u>378,521</u>
Shareholders' Equity:		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 750,000 shares authorized; 150,955 and 153,634 shares issued and outstanding	1,509	1,536
Capital in excess of par value	1,122,068	1,106,641
Retained earnings	541,664	517,970
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net	(30,740)	(33,000)
Total Shareholders' Equity	<u>1,634,501</u>	<u>1,593,147</u>
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	<u>\$1,952,799</u>	<u>\$1,971,668</u>

ENDING ASSET BALANCES
(In millions) (Unaudited)

	Jun. 30, 2018	Sept. 30, 2018	Dec 31, 2018	Mar. 31, 2019	Jun. 30, 2019
Private Banks:					
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$22,448	\$22,739	\$20,453	\$22,369	\$22,563
Collective trust fund programs	4	4	4	4	4
Liquidity funds	3,471	3,142	3,633	3,753	3,322
Total assets under management	\$25,923	\$25,885	\$24,090	\$26,126	\$25,889
Client assets under administration	22,435	23,394	20,226	22,886	23,387
Total assets	\$48,358	\$49,279	\$44,316	\$49,012	\$49,276
Investment Advisors:					
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$62,227	\$63,958	\$55,395	\$61,277	\$64,591
Collective trust fund programs	5	5	7	5	6
Liquidity funds	3,101	3,182	5,948	4,362	2,618
Total assets under management	\$65,333	\$67,145	\$61,350	\$65,644	\$67,215
Institutional Investors:					
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$83,687	\$85,248	\$78,765	\$82,578	\$82,335
Collective trust fund programs	73	74	79	79	78
Liquidity funds	2,594	2,544	2,234	2,529	2,173
Total assets under management	\$86,354	\$87,866	\$81,078	\$85,186	\$84,586
Client assets under advisement	4,544	4,131	3,359	3,694	3,598
Total assets	\$90,898	\$91,997	\$84,437	\$88,880	\$88,184
Investment Managers:					
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$95	\$99	\$89	\$—	\$—
Collective trust fund programs	45,213	46,934	42,804	49,232	51,838
Liquidity funds	496	580	336	704	472
Total assets under management	\$45,804	\$47,613	\$43,229	\$49,936	\$52,310
Client assets under administration (A)	522,700	552,411	552,318	585,997	607,086
Total assets	\$568,504	\$600,024	\$595,547	\$635,933	\$659,396
Investments in New Businesses:					
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$1,120	\$1,179	\$1,257	\$1,466	\$1,566
Liquidity funds	106	162	189	218	141
Total assets under management	\$1,226	\$1,341	\$1,446	\$1,684	\$1,707
Client assets under advisement	807	730	687	729	887
Total assets	\$2,033	\$2,071	\$2,133	\$2,413	\$2,594
LSV Asset Management:					
Equity and fixed-income programs (B)	\$106,505	\$109,363	\$96,114	\$103,163	\$103,575
Total:					
Equity and fixed-income programs (C)	\$276,082	\$282,586	\$252,073	\$270,853	\$274,630
Collective trust fund programs	45,295	47,017	42,894	49,320	51,926
Liquidity funds	9,768	9,610	12,340	11,566	8,726
Total assets under management	\$331,145	\$339,213	\$307,307	\$331,739	\$335,282
Client assets under advisement	5,351	4,861	4,046	4,423	4,485
Client assets under administration (D)	545,135	575,805	572,544	608,883	630,473
Total assets	\$881,631	\$919,879	\$883,897	\$945,045	\$970,240

(A) Client assets under administration in the Investment Managers segment include \$57.1 billion of assets that are at fee levels below our normal full-service assets (as of June 30, 2019).

(B) Equity and fixed-income programs include \$2.8 billion of assets managed by LSV in which fees are based on performance only (as of June 30, 2019).

(C) Equity and fixed-income programs include \$5.5 billion of assets invested in various asset allocation funds at June 30, 2019.

(D) In addition to the numbers presented, SEI also administers an additional \$11.6 billion in Funds of Funds assets (as of June 30, 2019) on which SEI does not earn an administration fee.

AVERAGE ASSET BALANCES
(In millions) (Unaudited)

	2nd Qtr. 2018	3rd Qtr. 2018	4th Qtr. 2018	1st Qtr. 2019	2nd Qtr. 2019
Private Banks:					
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$22,870	\$22,516	\$21,383	\$21,831	\$22,088
Collective trust fund programs	4	4	4	4	4
Liquidity funds	3,516	3,376	3,265	3,706	3,388
Total assets under management	\$26,390	\$25,896	\$24,652	\$25,541	\$25,480
Client assets under administration	22,605	23,175	21,608	22,098	23,124
Total assets	\$48,995	\$49,071	\$46,260	\$47,639	\$48,604
Investment Advisors:					
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$62,890	\$63,399	\$59,954	\$58,732	\$62,419
Collective trust fund programs	5	5	4	5	6
Liquidity funds	2,429	2,958	3,452	5,298	3,465
Total assets under management	\$65,324	\$66,362	\$63,410	\$64,035	\$65,890
Institutional Investors:					
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$85,045	\$84,885	\$81,833	\$81,725	\$82,597
Collective trust fund programs	72	74	75	79	78
Liquidity funds	2,621	2,469	2,449	2,375	2,342
Total assets under management	\$87,738	\$87,428	\$84,357	\$84,179	\$85,017
Client assets under advisement	4,301	4,263	3,566	3,494	3,641
Total assets	\$92,039	\$91,691	\$87,923	\$87,673	\$88,658
Investment Managers:					
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$109	\$95	\$96	\$—	\$—
Collective trust fund programs	45,646	45,856	44,009	47,322	50,108
Liquidity funds	649	555	480	559	497
Total assets under management	\$46,404	\$46,506	\$44,585	\$47,881	\$50,605
Client assets under administration (A)	522,679	541,063	561,043	572,065	600,509
Total assets	\$569,083	\$587,569	\$605,628	\$619,946	\$651,114
Investments in New Businesses:					
Equity and fixed-income programs	\$1,090	\$1,148	\$1,198	\$1,394	\$1,436
Liquidity funds	95	146	179	202	178
Total assets under management	\$1,185	\$1,294	\$1,377	\$1,596	\$1,614
Client assets under advisement	813	777	958	708	917
Total assets	\$1,998	\$2,071	\$2,335	\$2,304	\$2,531
LSV Asset Management:					
Equity and fixed-income programs (B)	\$108,380	\$109,527	\$99,791	\$104,517	\$102,919
Total:					
Equity and fixed-income programs (C)	\$280,384	\$281,570	\$264,255	\$268,199	\$271,459
Collective trust fund programs	45,727	45,939	44,092	47,410	50,196
Liquidity funds	9,310	9,504	9,825	12,140	9,870
Total assets under management	\$335,421	\$337,013	\$318,172	\$327,749	\$331,525
Client assets under advisement	5,114	5,040	4,524	4,202	4,558
Client assets under administration (D)	545,284	564,238	582,651	594,163	623,633
Total assets	\$885,819	\$906,291	\$905,347	\$926,114	\$959,716

(A) Average client assets under administration in the Investment Managers segment during second-quarter 2019 include \$56.7 billion that are at fee levels below our normal full-service assets.

(B) Equity and fixed-income programs include \$2.8 billion of average assets managed by LSV in which fees are based on performance only during second-quarter 2019.

(C) Equity and fixed-income programs include \$5.6 billion of average assets invested in various asset allocation funds during second-quarter 2019.

(D) In addition to the numbers presented, SEI also administers an additional \$11.5 billion of average assets in Funds of Funds assets during second-quarter 2019 on which SEI does not earn an administration fee.